



Planning and Zoning Board Agenda January 9, 2024 Room 102 – 7:00 P.M.

Call to Order and Roll Call

Approval of Minutes, November 14, 2023

Public Comment: For matters that are not on the agenda

Pending Applications:

1. Address: 1183 S. River Road Case Number: 23-047-V

The petitioner has requested a major variation from the fence regulations to allow the finished side of a wood privacy fence to face the subject property instead of facing neighboring properties as required by code, and any other variations, waivers, and zoning relief as may be necessary.

PIN: 09-21-105-016-0000

Petitioner: Kathryn S. Kuntz, 1183 S. River Road, Des Plaines, IL 60016

Owner: Kathryn S. Kuntz, 1183 S. River Road, Des Plaines, IL 60016

2. Address: 542 Webford Avenue Case Number: 23-069-V

The petitioner has requested a standard variation to reduce the required front yard building setback from 25 feet to 9 feet to allow for construction of a second-story addition onto the existing residence in the R-1 Single Family Residential district, and any other variations, waivers, and zoning relief as may be necessary.

PIN: 09-17-314-017-0000

Petitioner: Cortni Jablenski, 542 Webford Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60016

Owner: The Gina B. Jablenski Revocable Living Trust, 542 Webford Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60016

New Business:

- 1. Discussion of availability for special meetings:
 - a. February 6, 2024 Legal training
 - b. March 5, 2024 Workshop to discuss text amendment to revise <u>Section 12-3-11 Building Design</u> Review of the Zoning Ordinance

Next Agenda: Next meeting on January 23, 2023

City of Des Plaines, in compliance with the Americans With Disabilities Act, requests that persons with disabilities, who require certain accommodations to allow them to observe and/or participate in the meeting(s) or have questions about the accessibility of the meeting(s) or facilities, contact the ADA Coordinator at 847-391-5486 to allow the City to make reasonable accommodations for these persons. The public hearing may be continued to a further date, time and place without publication of a further published notice such as this notice.

1775 Elm Street 2174 Chestnut Avenue Unit A Variation Variation



DES PLAINES PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD MEETING November 14, 2023 MINUTES

The Des Plaines Planning and Zoning Board held its regularly scheduled meeting on Tuesday, November 14, 2023, at 7:00 p.m. in Room 102 of the Des Plaines Civic Center.

Chair Szabo called the meeting to order at 7:00 p.m. and roll call was established.

PRESENT: Szabo, Fowler, Weaver, Catalano, Saletnik, Veremis

ABSENT: Hofherr

ALSO PRESENT: Ryan Johnson, Assistant CED Director

Samantha Redman, Senior Planner

A quorum was present.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

A motion was made by Board Member Saletnik, seconded by Board Member Veremis to approve the meeting minutes of October 24, 2023.

AYES: Catalano, Weaver, Szabo, Saletnik, Veremis

NAYES: None ABSENT: Hofherr ABSTAIN: Fowler

***MOTION CARRIES UNANIMOUSLY **

Board Member Hofherr entered the meeting at 7:03 p.m.

PUBLIC COMMENT ON NON-AGENDA ITEM

There was no public comment.

Pending Applications:

Address: 1775 Elm Street Case Number: 23-063-V

The petitioner has requested a standard variation to vary from the building coverage requirements to allow for construction of a garage that would result in building coverage in excess of 30 percent for an interior lot in the R-1 Single-Family Residential District.

PINs: 09-29-211-066-0000

Petitioner: Gene Johnson, 1775 Elm Street, Des Plaines, IL 60018 Owner: Gene Johnson, 1775 Elm Street, Des Plaines, IL 60018

Ward: #6, Alderman Mark Walsten
Existing Zoning: R-1, Single Family Residential

Existing Land Use: Single family residence

Surrounding Zoning: North: R-1 Single Family Residential District

South: R-1 Single Family Residential District East: R-1 Single Family Residential District West: R-1 Single Family Residential District

Surrounding Land Uses: North: Single Family Dwellings (Residential)

South: Single Family Dwellings (Residential)
East: Single Family Dwellings (Residential)
West: Single Family Dwellings (Residential)

Street Classification: Elm Street is classified as a local road.

Comprehensive Plan: The Comprehensive Plan illustrates the site as single family

residential.

Property/Zoning History: The subject property at 1775 Elm Street currently consists of a

780 square foot, one-story house on a 3,125-square-foot lot that is non-conforming in terms of width and size for an R-1-zoned property. Based on historical records, this property was part of Ira Brown's Subdivision recorded in the late 1800s¹ and historic aerials indicate this house, or a similar structure, have been located on the property since at least 1931, although the Cook County Assessor states the building was constructed in 1903. The property existed as the only house on the 1700 block of Elm Street for several decades.² The narrowness of the property is within the character of the original subdivision, which created 25foot-wide, 125-foot-long lots, consistent with standard lot dimensions in the late 1800s for many urban environments. In fact, many houses in this neighborhood stretch across two 25foot-wide lots, as the consolidation of parcels is not necessary to construct a building, provided the parcels are contiguous, with the same zoning and under single ownership ("Lot" defined in Section 12-13-3). The existing house has likely abutted property lines throughout its known history, without any setback from the

side and rear lot lines.

¹ "Real Estate – Suburban Interests and the Outlook for 1875", Chicago Daily Tribune, April 18, 1875, page 5, https://newspaperarchive.com/chicago-daily-tribune-apr-18-1875-p-5/

² Historic Aerials, 1931-1961 Aerials, historicaerials.com

An unimproved alley is located to the east of the property; historic aerials indicate a portion of the alley from Riverside Avenue to 1748 Illinois Avenue was improved in approximately the 1970s.³ However, the alley improvements never stretched to the portion of Elm Street behind the subject site and there are no current plans to improve this alley. A depressed curb is located in front of this property; however, no evidence of a prior driveway or garage was discovered by staff.

A portion of the house was demolished with a permit in September 2022. A permit was issued in February 2023 for interior and exterior alterations to the house, which are currently in progress. A condition of approval requires exterior maintenance to be completed and the house weatherproofed prior to issuance of permit for the garage. A hard surface permit was issued in October 2023 and concrete construction is nearing completion.

Project Description:

Overview

The subject property consists of a single-story, single-family residence located in the R-1 zoning district. The lot and structure are both non-conforming and subject to Section 12-5-4 and 12-5-6 of the Zoning Ordinance. The petitioner is currently undergoing renovations on the exterior and interior of the house. Refer to Site and Context Photos attachment. The request is to vary from the 30% building coverage requirement for R-1 zoning districts to allow for a building coverage of 35.2% where 30% is allowed. This request is associated with a proposed 320 square foot garage (Refer to Proposed Elevations and Floor Plan attachment).

Accessory Structure Requirements and Minor Variation

A garage is classified as an "accessory structure" which is regulated by Section 12-8-1. The location and size of the garage meets most requirements for an accessory structure, with the exception of the side yard. A minor variation granted by the Zoning Administrator is required to approve a variation to reduce the side yard to allow the garage to be located 4 feet instead of the required 5 feet from the property line.

Building code requires any structure constructed less than five feet from the property line to meet certain fire rating requirements; for the proposed garage, a fire rated wall and overhangs must be installed for any portion less than 5 feet from the property line. During the building permit review process and inspection, City staff will confirm the structure will meet these requirements.

³ Historic Aerials, 1972 Aerial, historicaerials.com

Accessory structures must be located behind the "principal building line" which in this circumstance is 25 feet from the property line or the typical required front yard for an R-1 zoned property. To locate a garage on the property, the garage must be located 25 feet from the property line. The proposed site plan indicates the garage will be 25 feet from the property line to meet this requirement and to match the existing setback of neighboring buildings from the property line.

Standard Variation Request

A variation to the minimum building coverage requirement is necessary to allow for the construction of a 320-square-foot garage on this property. A standard variation allows the PZB to vary maximum lot requirements, including building coverage, by not more than 20 percent. Therefore, the maximum excess in building coverage the PZB can authorize with a standard variation is 6 percent. The requested relief is 5.2 percent to allow for building coverage of 35.2 percent. Refer to Proposed Site Plan attachment.

R-1 District Standards	Requirement	Existing / Proposed
Maximum Height	2 ½ stories to 35 feet	< 35 feet
Minimum Front Yard	25 feet	Existing House: 70.5 feet
		Proposed Garage: 25 feet
Minimum Side Yard	5 feet	Existing House: 0 feet ¹
		Proposed Garage: 4 ft ²
Minimum Rear Yard	25 feet	Existing House: 9.5 feet ¹
		Proposed Garage: 80 feet
Minimum Lot Width	55 feet	25 ft ¹
Minimum Lot Area	6,875 square feet	3,125 square feet ¹
Maximum Building	Maximum 30 percent	Existing: 780 square feet
Coverage	_	25 percent
_		Proposed: 1100 square feet
		35.2 percent ³

¹ Existing non-conformity; no changes proposed to house or lot

Driveway and Off-Street Parking Requirements

When the residence was constructed in the early 20th century, no zoning ordinance existed within Des Plaines. Current zoning regulations for single family residences require two off-street parking spaces. This property does not have any off-street parking, although on-street parking is allowed on both sides of Elm Street.

An unimproved alley is located adjacent to the rear property line, which was likely intended to be improved when this area was

² Minor variation required

³ Standard variation requested

originally subdivided in the late 19th century. An alley would have allowed for rear vehicle access to the property, which would have reduced the amount of impervious surface on the subject property. However, the lack of improved alleyway requires any off-street parking to be accessed from the front and the paving of the driveway in the front yard.

At some point in history, a depressed curb was added along Elm Street in front of this property, although Staff could not locate evidence of a previous driveway, or an apron being located on or adjacent to the property. The depressed curb combined with the lack of paved surface have contributed to several code enforcement violations for vehicles parking on the front lawn; vehicles must be parked on a dust-free hard surface pursuant to Section 12-9-6.B.3.k. and without a driveway, on-street parking is the only permitted option for parking of any vehicles associated with the property.

Staff approved a driveway permit for a 20-foot-wide driveway and associated apron. If the standard variation is not approved, the proposed accessory structure will be required to either be reduced or the permitted driveway will need to come into conformance with requirements for properties without garages. Section 12-9-6 limits driveways without a garage or carport to be up to 20 feet in width, no longer than 40 feet long, and with evergreen shrubs planted on the exterior of the driveway.

<u>Variation Findings:</u> Variation requests are subject to the standards set forth in Section 12-3-6.H. of the Zoning Ordinance. Rationale for how well the proposal addresses the standards is provided below and in the attached petitioner responses to standards. The Board may use the provided responses as written as its rationale, modify, or adopt its own.

1. Hardship: No variation shall be granted pursuant to this subsection H unless the applicant shall establish that carrying out the strict letter of the provisions of this title would create a particular hardship or a practical difficulty.

If the standard variation is not approved, it is unlikely the property will be able to construct a parking structure. The hardship is related to the size of the property, which provides limitations in terms of building coverage due to the small lot. Regardless of whether a garage is constructed, the property will encounter issues meeting the building coverage requirement if the house is expanded or any accessory structure added. The garage provides for space for both vehicles and any associated storage on the property and the building coverage is less than the maximum relief the PZB can grant with a standard variation.

2. Unique Physical Condition: The subject lot is exceptional as compared to other lots subject to the same provision by reason of a unique physical condition, including presence of an existing use, structure, or sign, whether conforming or nonconforming; irregular or substandard

shape or size; exceptional topographical features; or other extraordinary physical conditions peculiar to and inherent in the subject lot that amount to more than a mere inconvenience to the owner and that relate to or arise out of the lot rather than the personal situation of the current owner of the lot.

The property is a "non-conforming lot" in terms of lot width and area. The minimum required size of an R-1 property is 6,875 square feet, which is 45% larger than this lot. For an average size lot, 2,062 square feet of a property could be covered with buildings (including houses and any accessory structures). For this lot, the maximum area that could be covered with buildings is 937 square feet. The existing house is 780 square feet without a basement, smaller than most modern houses. To not exceed the 30 percent requirement, the maximum size of an accessory structure could be 157 square feet. The petitioner selected a 320 square foot one-car garage that is smaller than a typical garage and fits within the scale of the property.

3. Not Self-Created: The aforesaid unique physical condition is not the result of any action or inaction of the owner or its predecessors in title and existed at the time of the enactment of the provisions from which a variance is sought or was created by natural forces or was the result of governmental action, other than the adoption of this title.

The unique physical condition is not the result of the current owner or previous owners. There is not a way for the petitioner to expand the property to relieve the building coverage limitations since the property is landlocked.

4. Denied Substantial Rights: The carrying out of the strict letter of the provision from which a variance is sought would deprive the owner of the subject lot of substantial rights commonly enjoyed by owners of other lots subject to the same provision.

Carrying out the strict letter of the code would prevent the petitioner from constructing a garage to provide a covered off-street parking area, which is privilege many neighboring property owners are able to enjoy. Although it is not a right of residents to have covered parking on their property, it is a desirable feature and provides a more aesthetically pleasing environment for the neighborhood versus uncovered parking.

5. Not Merely Special Privilege: The alleged hardship or difficulty is neither merely the inability of the owner or occupant to enjoy some special privilege or additional right not available to owners or occupants of other lots subject to the same provision, nor merely the inability of the owner to make more money from the use of the subject lot:

The variation request would not provide the petitioner with any special privilege that is not already enjoyed by many of the surrounding property owners. The size and narrowness of the lot creates limitations, and the property owner intends to construct a smaller than average garage (one-car, 320 square feet total in size).

6. Title And Plan Purposes: The variation would not result in a use or development of the subject lot that would be not in harmony with the general and specific purposes for which this title and the provision from which a variation is sought were enacted or the general purpose and intent of the comprehensive plan:

The request would result in the future development of this site that would be in harmony with the surrounding neighborhood, providing an enclosed parking structure where none exists and efficiently using this space. The proposed garage will be located along the same building line as the neighboring properties and conceals vehicles and any associated materials within the garage.

7. No Other Remedy: There is no means other than the requested variation by which the alleged hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot.

As discussed in standard 2, it would be challenging to construct any type of garage with the size limitations presented by this unique lot. The option would be to either reduce the size of the structure, so it meets the coverage requirements, or not construct the garage and revise the driveway to meet zoning requirements.

8. Minimum Required: The requested variation is the minimum measure of relief necessary to alleviate the alleged hardship or difficulty presented by the strict application of this title.

The variation request is the minimum measure of relief needed in terms of building coverage. A separate minor variation can be approved for a reduced setback of the structure.

PZB Procedure:

Standard Variation

Under Section 12-3-6(F) of the Zoning Ordinance (Standard Variations), the PZB has the authority to approve, approve subject to conditions, or deny the request. The decision should be based on review of the information presented by the applicant and the standards and conditions met by Section 12-3-6(H) (Findings of Fact for Variations) as outlined in the Zoning Ordinance.

Condition of Approval:

1. Prior to issuance of building permit for the garage, all exterior walls of the principal structure (house) shall be free of holes, breaks, and loose or rotting materials and must be weatherproof and properly surface coated where required to prevent deterioration. A city inspection is required to confirm this condition is met prior to issuance of building permit for garage.

Mr. Gene Johnson, the Petitioner, was sworn in. Mr. Johnson explained that he bought the house two years ago and he is still in the process of making repairs to the home. Mr. Johnson is requesting a garage to park his car and lawn mower.

Samantha Redman, Senior Planner provided an overview of Mr. Johnson's request. Currently there is a permit for the driveway. This is a smaller lot that is 25 feet wide and does not meet the current minimum lot size. In Des Plaines, the City does not allow a driveway without a garage. There has been a depressed curb in front of this house for all known history, and to staff's knowledge, there has never been a paved driveway; the alley behind the house is not paved. The variation is to exceed building coverage by 5.2%, to a total 35.2% lot coverage. The proposed garage is from Menards and is proposed to be located 25 feet from the street so that it meets setback requirements. There is a side lot encroachment, on one side, where it is less than 5 feet, but this can be evaluated as a minor variation and staff would impose requirements that the garage have preventative fire protection in place. Staff have a recommended condition to ensure

that the work on the exterior of the house must be completed before the garage permit can be granted.

Member Weaver asked for clarification regarding the permit. Ms. Redman said that a permit for an accessory structure would not be issued before exterior work was completed on the primary structure.

Chairman Szabo explained that the Board could grant this property non-conformance, like a grandfather clause. In the past, houses have been approved that are exactly on the lot line, so that it's on the record as being legal non-conforming.

Member Saletnik stated that there are numerous garages that have variations for location, many that have a 0-foot offset, or have been granted variations, and feels this is justified, especially considering the hardship of a legal non-conforming lot.

Ellen Brannan, 1767 S. Elm Street, was sworn in. Ms. Brennen expressed her opposition to the variation and stated that she is concerned that if a variation is granted for the garage the project will not be completed and that if the garage is built, the Fire Department will not have access to her home because the garage will be in the way.

Member Veremis inquired if the Fire Department could use the unimproved alley behind the house for access. Senior Planner REdman stated that we cannot answer that on behalf of the Fire Department.

Member Weaver asked how can the Fire Department get around the sides of the house, considering 0' side yards? DC Foster stated that perhaps from the front, over the top, or around the side of the garage. Senior Planner Redman stated the Fire Department reviewed the plan and did not have comments.

Member Fowler asked the Petitioner when he would want to start the garage. Mr. Johnson answered that if approved he will want to start as soon as possible. The siding will begin on the house tomorrow.

A motion was made by Board Member Weaver, seconded by Board Member Hofherr pursuant to Section 12-3-6.F of the Zoning Ordinance to approve a Variation with the presented Condition for 1775 Elm Street.

AYES: Weaver, Hofherr, Veremis, Szabo, Catalano, Saletnik, Fowler

NAYES: None ABSENT: None

***MOTION CARRIES UNANIMOUSLY **

2 . Address: 2174 South Chestnut Street Unit A Case Number: 23-062-V

The petitioner has requested a standard variation to reduce the front yard from 25 to 15 feet (40 percent reduction) to allow for a patio in the R-1 Single-Family Residential District.

PINs: 09-29-409-193-0000

Petitioner: Maria Gallardo, 2174 South Chestnut Street Unit A, Des Plaines,

IL 60018

Case Number: #23-062-V

Ward: #5, Carla Brookman

Existing Zoning: R-3, Townhouse Residential District

Existing Land Use: Townhouse

Surrounding Zoning: North: R-3, Townhouse Residential District

South: R-3, Townhouse Residential District East: M-2, General Manufacturing District West: R-3, Townhouse Residential District

Surrounding Land Use: North: Townhouses

South: Townhouses

East: Warehouse / retail store (Restaurant Depot)

West: Townhouses

Street Classification: Chestnut Street is classified as a local road.

Comprehensive Plan: The Comprehensive Plan illustrates the site as single family

residential.

Zoning/Property History: This property currently consists of one townhouse unit within a

six-unit townhouse building. The townhouse is within the Terrsal Park development, originally subdivided in 1959 and constructed in the early 1960s. The area has been zoned for townhouses since

1959.

A 4-foot-tall, chain link fence was installed around the property with a permit in 2009. Other permits approved for this unit and surrounding units have included exterior and interior repairs and repair/replacement of sidewalks. The patio requested with this standard variation was installed without a permit in 2022 and there is an open code enforcement case to address this issue. The petitioner requested a building permit in 2023 for this patio, but it did not pass zoning review due to the issues outlined in this staff

report.

Project Description: Overview

The subject property at 2174 South Chestnut Street Unit A is a townhouse unit located within the Terrsal Park development. The building is two stories, partially enclosed by a four-foot-tall chain

⁴ Historic Aerials, 1961 Aerial, historicaerials.com

link fence and the PIN is associated with one assigned parking space in the common parking area of the development.

Standard Variation Request

The requested relief is to reduce the required front yard by 10 feet to allow a patio to be located in this area. A standard variation allows the Planning and Zoning Board (PZB) to reduce required yards between 30 percent and 100 percent of the required size; the requested relief is reducing the front yard from 25 to 15 feet, or a 40 percent reduction. A patio was installed in 2022 without a building permit in the required front yard and relief is necessary to allow the patio to remain. If the standard variation is not granted, the property owner will be required to remove the existing patio.

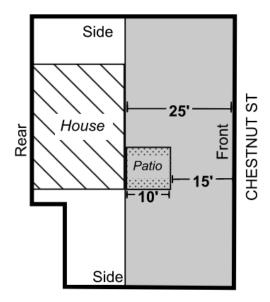
Required Yards and Permitted Obstructions

All properties have "required yards" also known as "setbacks" that are spaces intended to be free of obstruction and provide separation between buildings, structures, and other features. The definition in Section 12-13-3 reflects this purpose:

YARD: An open space on a zoning lot which is unoccupied and unobstructed from its lowest level to the sky.

To meet the intent of a yard, the zoning ordinance limits what can obstruct these areas of intended open space. Section 12-7-1.C includes a table of "Permitted Obstructions in Required Yards." This table lists various types of structures and how much they can encroach into a required yard. Twenty-five different types of structures can encroach into a required yard, but only 14 types of structures can encroach into the required front yard. A patio is permitted to encroach inside and rear yards if located five feet from the property line, but patios are not permitted in front or corner side yards.

Identifying where the required yards are on a property is essential to understanding where buildings and structures can be located on a property during zoning processes, including reviewing building permits. The illustration below demonstrates where staff have interpreted the required front yard to be on the subject property and the area the existing patio is encroaching.



<u>Variation Findings:</u> Variation requests are subject to the standards set forth in Section 12-3-6.H. of the Zoning Ordinance. Rationale for how well the proposal addresses the standards is provided below and in the attached petitioner responses to standards. The Board may use the provided responses as written as its rationale, modify, or adopt its own.

1. Hardship: No variation shall be granted pursuant to this subsection H unless the applicant shall establish that carrying out the strict letter of the provisions of this title would create a particular hardship or a practical difficulty.

The hardship for this property owner is the orientation and layout of this property. Due to the arrangement of the townhouse building, the larger yard area fronting Chestnut St cannot be used for a patio or for many other typical residential structures (sheds, gazebos, etc.) because it is within the required front yard. Functionally, this front yard serves as the only private recreational area for the inhabitants of this townhouse.

The area near the front door has some space for a patio area (Refer to Site Context Photos) but the rear of the house abuts the parking area. In addition, this townhouse shares a wall with the adjacent townhouse, further reducing the available area. However, the hardship is not atypical for a townhouse development. The other units within this townhouse building have little to no private outdoor space. Apache Park, a public park located less than 400 feet from the property, was dedicated during the original subdivision process of the Terrsal Park townhouse development and provides recreational space for the neighborhood, including picnic areas and a gazebo that function similarly to the patio at this subject site.

2. Unique Physical Condition: The subject lot is exceptional as compared to other lots subject to the same provision by reason of a unique physical condition, including presence of an existing use, structure, or sign, whether conforming or nonconforming; irregular or substandard shape or size; exceptional topographical features; or other extraordinary physical conditions peculiar to and inherent in the subject lot that amount to more than a mere inconvenience to the owner and that relate to or arise out of the lot rather than the personal situation of the current owner of the lot.

As shown in the yard illustration above, the front yard encompasses the majority of the available private, landscaped area that would typically be available space for a property owner to recreate. The property is bounded by the shared wall of the townhouse unit to the west and the parking area to the south. However, space exists in front of the unit for a patio feature outside of the front yard setback.

3. Not Self-Created: The aforesaid unique physical condition is not the result of any action or inaction of the owner or its predecessors in title and existed at the time of the enactment of the provisions from which a variance is sought or was created by natural forces or was the result of governmental action, other than the adoption of this title.

The unique physical condition existed prior to the current owner and was present when the buildings were constructed.

4. Denied Substantial Rights: The carrying out of the strict letter of the provision from which a variance is sought would deprive the owner of the subject lot of substantial rights commonly enjoyed by owners of other lots subject to the same provision.

Carrying out the strict letter of the code would prevent the location of a patio in this front yard area. It is not inherently a right to have a patio on a residential property, but the property and layout of the townhouses create limitations in terms of usable space that are not present with other properties within the City.

5. Not Merely Special Privilege: The alleged hardship or difficulty is neither merely the inability of the owner or occupant to enjoy some special privilege or additional right not available to owners or occupants of other lots subject to the same provision, nor merely the inability of the owner to make more money from the use of the subject lot:

It can be argued the petitioner would experience a special privilege by allowing a patio in the front yard where many other properties in the City are not permitted to have this type of yard feature. However, the uniqueness of the lot limits locations for these types of structures and limits the use of the grassy front yard. As noted in the Patio Exhibit attachment, most other properties along this street have a similar patio in the same location, also installed without permits.

6. Title And Plan Purposes: The variation would not result in a use or development of the subject lot that would be not in harmony with the general and specific purposes for which this title and the provision from which a variation is sought were enacted or the general purpose and intent of the comprehensive plan:

The request would result in the future development of this site that would be in harmony with the surrounding neighborhood, as most properties along this street have a patio (Refer to the Patio Exhibit attachment). It is important to note that there are no permits for the existing patios on neighboring properties, but they are generally in the same location and scale as the patio at this subject site.

7. No Other Remedy: There is no means other than the requested variation by which the alleged hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot.

Another remedy would be to relocate this patio near the front door, outside of the front yard, which would technically fit the 10 by 10 patio. In addition, covered or open decks, porches and landings can encroach into a front yard by 5 feet. A patio is defined as constructed of a "hard surface", which means if the deck or porch remedy is pursued, the structure would need to be constructed of a different material. Reasonable use of the property is still possible without this variation.

8. Minimum Required: The requested variation is the minimum measure of relief necessary to alleviate the alleged hardship or difficulty presented by the strict application of this title.

The variation request is the minimum measure of relief necessary.

PZB Procedure:

Standard Variation

Under Section 12-3-6(F) of the Zoning Ordinance (Standard Variations), the PZB has the authority to approve, approve subject to conditions, or deny the request. The decision should be based on review of the information presented by the applicant and the standards and conditions met by Section 12-3-6(H) (Findings of Fact for Variations) as outlined in the Zoning Ordinance.

Conditions of Approval:

- 1. A plat of survey prepared by a licensed land surveyor must be submitted with the building permit for the subject site.
- 2. Outdoor storage on the patio is limited to patio furniture and associated yard features like barbecues or movable playground equipment. All other storage must be indoors. No items may be stored on or behind the air conditioning condenser or associated concrete pad.

Applicant Martha Garcia was sworn in. Ms. Garcia stated that family members installed the patio, without a permit, about a year ago. Although the area is considered the front yard this is the only area to install a patio and spend their time outdoors.

Chairman Szabo inquired if neighbors had any concerns. Ms. Garcia replied that their only concern was that they thought the hearing involved the whole building not only her unit.

Senior Planner Redman reviewed the presentation slides. This request is considered a standard variation. The property fronts one City street, so that is the side that is technically the front yard, and the patio is located in the front yard. Tonight's request is to reduce the size of the front yard, as patios are not allowed in front yards. There are other patios in this area, along this street, however no permits were located.

Member Hofherr recommended that staff should pursue the other front yard patios. Senior Planner Redman explained that staff could ask the others to present permits for their work, to see if the patio was legal at the time of installation; if not the owner would be asked to remove the patio or go through the standard variation process.

Member Saletnik thinks the four other non-conforming properties should be addressed.

Senior Planner Redman reviewed the two recommendations of approval.

A motion was made by Board Member Weaver, seconded by Board Member Fowler to approve Section 12-3-6(F) of the Zoning Code, including both presented conditions, and approve a standard variation to reduce the front yard from 25 to 15 feet (40 percent reduction) to allow for a patio in the R-1 Single-Family Residential District.

AYES: Weaver, Veremis, Fowler, Hofherr, Szabo, Saletnik, Catalano

NAYES: None ABSTAIN: None

***MOTION CARRIES UNANIMOUSLY **

The Proposed Planning and Zoning Board Hearing Dates and Application Deadlines were reviewed.

A motion was made by Board Member Weaver, seconded by Board Member Fowler to Approve the presented 2024 Planning and Zoning Board Hearing Dates and Application Deadlines.

AYES: Weaver, Veremis, Fowler, Hofherr, Szabo, Saletnik, Catalano

NAYES: None ABSTAIN: None

ADJOURNMENT

The Cumberland Crossing workshop is scheduled for Tuesday, November 28, 2023. Chairman Szabo adjourned the meeting by voice vote at 7:41 p.m.

Sincerely,

Laura Fast, Deputy City Clerk/Recording Secretary

cc: City Officials, Aldermen, Planning & Zoning Board, Petitioners



COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

1420 Miner Street Des Plaines, IL 60016 P: 847.391.5380 desplaines.org

MEMORANDUM

Date: January 3, 2024

To: Planning and Zoning Board (PZB)

From: Jonathan Stytz, AICP, Senior Planner \(\sqrt{S} \)

Cc: Jeff Rogers, Director of Community and Economic Development

Ryan Johnson, Assistant Director of Community and Economic Development

Subject: Major Variation for Fence Design in the R-1 Single Family Residential District at 1183 S. Des

Plaines River Road (2nd Ward)

Issue: The petitioner is requesting a major variation from Section 12-8-2.D of the Zoning Ordinance to allow a fence design with the finished side of the wood fence facing inward towards the subject property instead of the finished fence side facing neighboring properties as required.

Petitioner: Kathryn S. Kuntz, 1183 S. Des Plaines River Road, Des Plaines, IL 60016

Owners: Donald and Kathryn Kuntz, 1183 S. Des Plaines River Road, Des Plaines, IL

60016

Case Number: 23-047-V

PIN: 09-21-105-016-0000

Ward: #2, Alderman Colt Moylan

Existing Zoning: R-1, Single Family Residential District

Existing Land Use: Single Family Residence

Surrounding Zoning: North: R-1, Single Family Residential District

South: R-1, Single Family Residential District

East: R-1, Single Family Residential / I-1, Institutional Districts

West: R-1, Single Family Residential District

Surrounding Land Use: North: Single Family Residences (residential)

South: Single Family Residences (residential)

East: Des Plaines River; then, Single Family Residences (residential)

West: Single Family Residences (residential)

Street Classification: Des Plaines River Road is a minor arterial under Des Plaines jurisdiction.

Comprehensive Plan: Single Family Residential is the recommended use of the property.

Zoning/Property History:

Based on historic aerial imagery, the subject property has been utilized as a single-family residence since 1961. City records indicate that the original fence permit was in 1990 approving a six-foot-tall wood fence along a portion of the north and south property lines of the subject property with the notation that the finished side of the fence must face the adjacent lots. However, the fence sections were installed with the finished side of the fence facing inward towards the subject property. It is unknown whether a final fence inspection was required or completed by City staff in 1990.

On August 24, 2022, staff received a complaint from a neighbor that the existing wood fence on the subject property was in disrepair. In 2022, a fence permit was approved to replace 300 linear feet of the southern fence section that was in disrepair with the notation that fences shall be erected so that all supporting members (i.e., posts, rails) and the rough unfinished side face towards the permit owner's property. However, the replacement fence section was installed with the finished fence side facing inward towards the subject property resulting in a failed final fence inspection on December 14, 2022.

On April 10, 2023, staff issued another warning to the property owner to either alter the fence to meet the requirements in Section 12-8-2.D of the Zoning Ordinance or apply for a variation. The property owner did not alter the fence or apply for a variation, so staff issued a citation for May 4, 2023. Since this citation, the court hearing has been continued multiple times to provide the petitioner additional time to submit a complete application. A completed major variation application was submitted for the fence on November 28, 2023.

Project Description:

Overview

Petitioner Kathryn S. Kuntz has requested a Major Variation to retain the existing fence design with the finished side facing inward towards the subject property. The subject property at 1183 S. Des Plaines River Road contains a two-story single-family residence with an asphalt driveway and various patio and walkway surfaces as shown in the attached Plat of Survey. The subject property is located along Des Plaines River Road within the R-1 Single Family Residential district and is accessed by a single curb-cut. The subject property is located in the floodway based off Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) data, which allows the replacement of an existing fence structure in a floodway, but not the installation of a new fence.

Non-Conforming Fence Structure

The fence regulation requiring the finished side of fences to face adjoining lots has been in existence as early as 1975—as referenced in Title VI, Chapter 7 of the city code—which predated the installation of the fence sections installed on the subject property. If the fence regulations in effect in 1990 did not have this requirement and a permit was issued, the fence would have been considered a non-conforming structure and it would have been permitted to be repaired and replaced as is, pursuant to Section 12-5-6, non-conforming structures. However, the installation was completed in conflict with the regulations and therefore the fence is considered *illegally* non-conforming.

PZB Considerations

Given the non-conforming fence described above, the PZB may wish to analyze if the hardship identified by the petitioner truly meets the standards for variation and if the approval of the variation request for an incorrectly installed fence may set a negative precedence. Nonetheless, see staff's analysis of the variation standards.

<u>Variation Findings:</u> Variation requests are subject to the standards set forth in Section 12-3-6.H. of the Zoning Ordinance. Rationale for how well the proposal addresses the standards is provided below and in the attached petitioner responses to standards. The Board may use the provided responses as written as its rationale, modify, or adopt its own.

1. Hardship: No variation shall be granted pursuant to this subsection H unless the applicant shall establish that carrying out the strict letter of the provisions of this title would create a particular hardship or a practical difficulty.

<u>Comment:</u> The hardship identified by the petitioner is the large expense associated with the alteration of a few hundred linear feet of fencing—which was installed incorrectly following the approval of the 2022 fence permit—to make it conforming with Section 12-8-2.D of the Zoning Ordinance requiring the finished side of fences to face adjoining lots. The petitioner also describes that the variation is necessary to coordinate the replacement fence section with the original section, which was installed incorrectly following approval of the 1990 fence permit. While it could be inconvenient or costly for the property owner to correct the fence section to meet the approved Site Plan, the Site Plan was approved with the condition that the fence is installed so that the finished side faces adjoining lots. As such, it can be argued that the hardship described by the petitioner was self-created (see response for standard 3 for additional details). Nonetheless, the PZB should decide.

PZB	Additions	or	Modifications	(if necessary):	

2. Unique Physical Condition: The subject lot is exceptional as compared to other lots subject to the same provision by reason of a unique physical condition, including presence of an existing use, structure, or sign, whether conforming or nonconforming; irregular or substandard shape or size; exceptional topographical features; or other extraordinary physical conditions peculiar to and inherent in the subject lot that amount to more than a mere inconvenience to the owner and that relate to or arise out of the lot rather than the personal situation of the current owner of the lot.

<u>Comment:</u> The subject property is uniquely shaped and located within the floodway. However, none of these attributes impact the ability of the petitioner to install the fence sections with the finished side facing adjoining lots. The petitioner describes that the subject property abuts the rear yards of the adjoining lots, and the fence sections would not be seen from the street. However, Section 12-8-2.D does not differentiate or provide an exception from the fence design standard based on the fence location. In addition, city records indicate that the southern fence section on the subject property serves as the rear yard fence section to enclose the rear yards for the adjoining lots along Algonquin Road meaning that the unfinished side of the subject property fence is directly visible on adjoining lots. As such, it can be argued that there is no unique physical condition contributing to the hardship identified and that the variation request is based on a personal situation of the current owner.

	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
	·
3.	Not Self-Created: The aforesaid unique physical condition is not the result of any action or inaction of the owner or its predecessors in title and existed at the time of the enactment of the provisions from which a variance is sought or was created by natural forces or was the result of governmental action, other than the adoption of this title.
	<u>Comment:</u> There is nothing to indicate that the property owner or their predecessors created the unique physical conditions described above. However, the variation request is not related to a unique physical condition of the property, but rather the design of fence, in which the property owner and their predecessors have directly created. The original fence in 1990 was installed incorrectly by the previous property owner and a portion of the original fence was replaced and installed incorrectly by the current property owner in 2022.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
1.	Denied Substantial Rights: The carrying out of the strict letter of the provision from which a variance is sought would deprive the owner of the subject lot of substantial rights commonly enjoyed by owners of other lots subject to the same provision. Comment: Carrying out the strict letter of the code would require the property owner to correct the fence section installed incorrectly to match the approved Site Plan. However, it can be argued that correcting a nonconforming fence does not in itself deny the property owner of substantial rights enjoyed by other property owners. Instead, correcting the fence fosters consistency and compliance
	with the Zoning Ordinance in which all properties are governed. Moreover, it is not inherently a right to have a fence on a residential property—especially properties located in floodways—but, where permitted, property owners do have the ability to install a fence provided that it complies with the Zoning Ordinance.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
	<u> </u>
5.	Not Merely Special Privilege: The alleged hardship or difficulty is neither merely the inability of the owner or occupant to enjoy some special privilege or additional right not available to owners or occupants of other lots subject to the same provision, nor merely the inability of the owner to make more money from the use of the subject lot:
	<u>Comment:</u> It can be argued the petitioner would experience a special privilege if they were allowed to retain a nonconforming fence that was installed incorrectly despite conditions stated on the approved Site Plan. Since there are many examples throughout Des Plaines of properties that are improved with

code-compliant fences, the approval of this variation to allow the retention of a non-conforming fence—especially with viable alternatives available (see response to Standard 7)—could err on the side of providing a special privilege. In addition, it could set a negative precedence leading to further fence code violations and additional fence variations for property owners with similar structures.

Page 4 of 17

6.	Title And Plan Purposes: The variation would not result in a use or development of the subject lot that would be not in harmony with the general and specific purposes for which this title and the provision from which a variation is sought were enacted or the general purpose and intent
	<u>Comment:</u> The request would retain an existing improvement on the subject property that is not in harmony with the general and specific purposes of Section 12-8-2 of the Zoning Ordinance. While replacing the fence section in disrepair could be construed as preservation and reinvestment in a residential property—in line with one of the general purposes of the Comprehensive Plan—the design of the fence does not meet the specific requirements for fences in Section 12-8-2, which is in effect for all properties in Des Plaines.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
7.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7.	No Other Remedy: There is no means other than the requested variation by which the alleged hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot. Comment: There are viable alternatives to the existing fence design that could make the existing fence section compliant with Section 12-8-2 and avoid a variation. One alternative involves relocating the fence panels to the other side of the post so that the finished side faces adjacent lots without the removal of the posts and the expense of additional fence material. Another remedy would be to install additional fence material and alter the existing fence so that both sides are finished. In all, reasonable use of the
7.	hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot. Comment: There are viable alternatives to the existing fence design that could make the existing fence section compliant with Section 12-8-2 and avoid a variation. One alternative involves relocating the fence panels to the other side of the post so that the finished side faces adjacent lots without the removal of the posts and the expense of additional fence material. Another remedy would be to install additional
	hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot. Comment: There are viable alternatives to the existing fence design that could make the existing fence section compliant with Section 12-8-2 and avoid a variation. One alternative involves relocating the fence panels to the other side of the post so that the finished side faces adjacent lots without the removal of the posts and the expense of additional fence material. Another remedy would be to install additional fence material and alter the existing fence so that both sides are finished. In all, reasonable use of the property is still possible without this variation. PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary): Minimum Required: The requested variation is the minimum measure of relief necessary to
	hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot. Comment: There are viable alternatives to the existing fence design that could make the existing fence section compliant with Section 12-8-2 and avoid a variation. One alternative involves relocating the fence panels to the other side of the post so that the finished side faces adjacent lots without the removal of the posts and the expense of additional fence material. Another remedy would be to install additional fence material and alter the existing fence so that both sides are finished. In all, reasonable use of the property is still possible without this variation.

PZB Procedure and Recommended Conditions: Under Section 12-3-6.G (Procedure for Review and Decision for Major Variations) of the Zoning Ordinance, the PZB has the authority to *recommend* that the City Council approve, approve subject to conditions, or deny the above-mentioned major variation request for the fence design at 1183 S. Des Plaines River Road. City Council has final authority on the proposal.

Consideration of the request should be based on a review of the information presented by the applicant and the findings made above, as specified in Section 12-3-6.H (Findings of Fact for Variations) of the Zoning Ordinance. If the PZB recommends approval of the request, staff recommends the following condition.

Condition of Approval:

1. That the fence is altered as necessary to be in conformance with all regulations in Title 14 Flood Control in the Des Plaines Municipal Code or a variance is granted by the Director of Public Works and Engineering.

Attachments:

Attachment 1: Location and Zoning Map
Attachment 2: Site and Context Photos
Attachment 3: Photos of Existing Conditions

Attachment 4: Plat of Survey

Attachment 5: 1990 Fence Permit Approved Site Plan Attachment 6: 2022 Fence Permit Approved Site Plan

Attachment 7: Petitioner's Reponses to Standards for Variations

Attachment 8: Project Narrative

Attachment 9: Site Plan

GISConsortium 1183 S. Des Plaines River Road Henry Ave Campbell Ave E Algonquin Rd

0 150 300 Print Date: 1/2/2024 ft

Disclaimer: The GIS Consortium and MGP Inc. are not liable for any use, misuse, modification or disclosure of any map provided under applicable law. This map is for general information purposes only. Although the information is believed to be generally accurate, errors may exist and the user should independently confirm for accuracy. The map does not constitute a regulatory determination and is not a base for engineering design. A Registered Land Surveyor should be consulted to determine precise location boundaries on the ground.

Van Buren Ave

Attachment 1 Page 7 of 17

Stewart





NOTICE OF
NOTICE OF
NOTICE OF
NOTICE OF
NOTICE OF
NOTICE OF
SPLAINES PLANNING & ZONING BOARD
JAN 9, 2024 7:00PM City Hall, 1420 Miner St.
The public is invited to attend and provide comments on
proposed plans for this property.

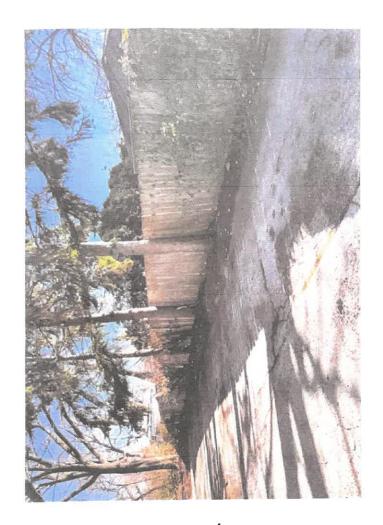
Learn More:

VARIATION
desplaines.org/publichearings / 847391.5306
183 S. Des Plaines River Rd – Public Notice



1183 S. Des Plaines River Rd - Looking Southeast at Existing Fence

Attachment 2 Page 8 of 17

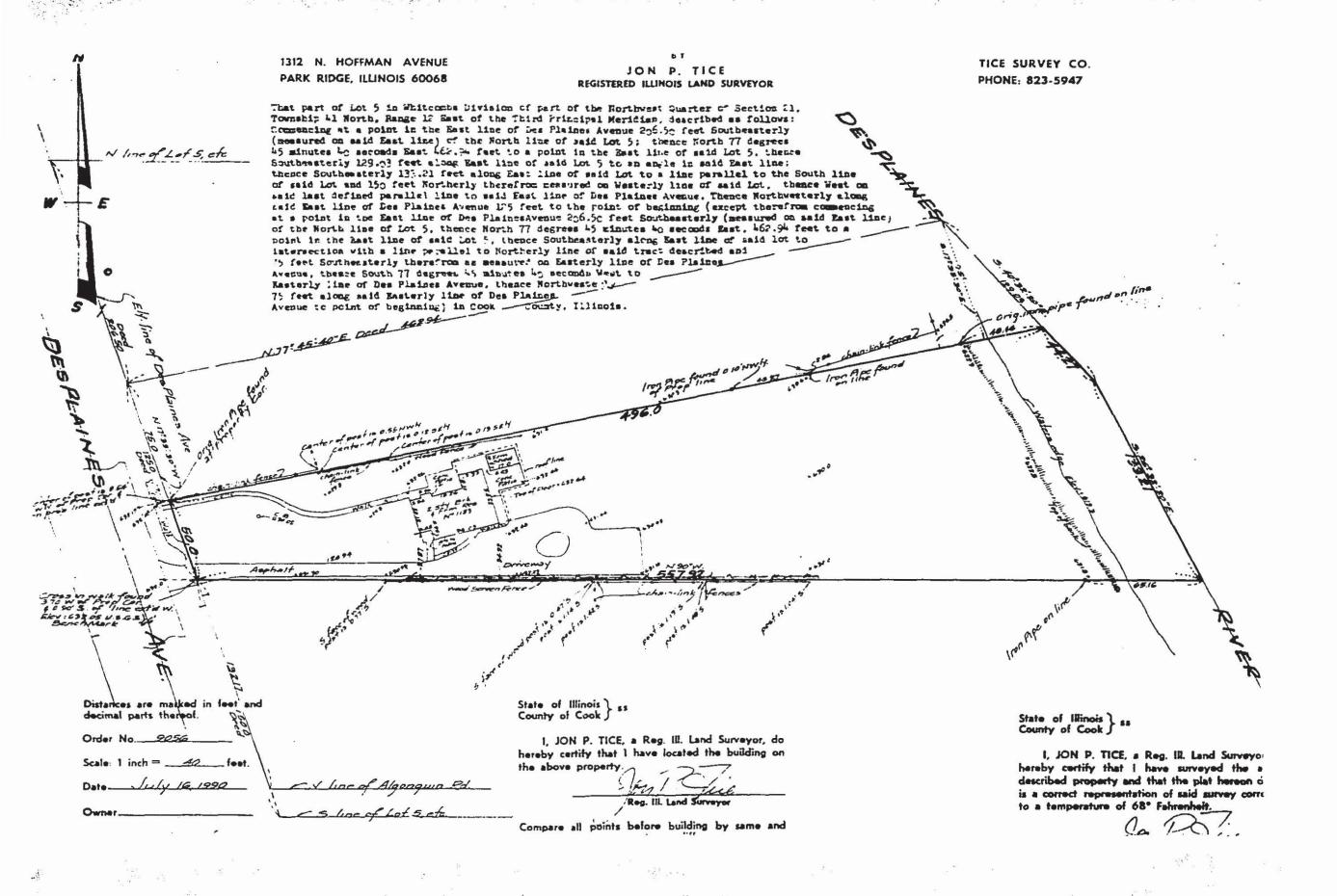


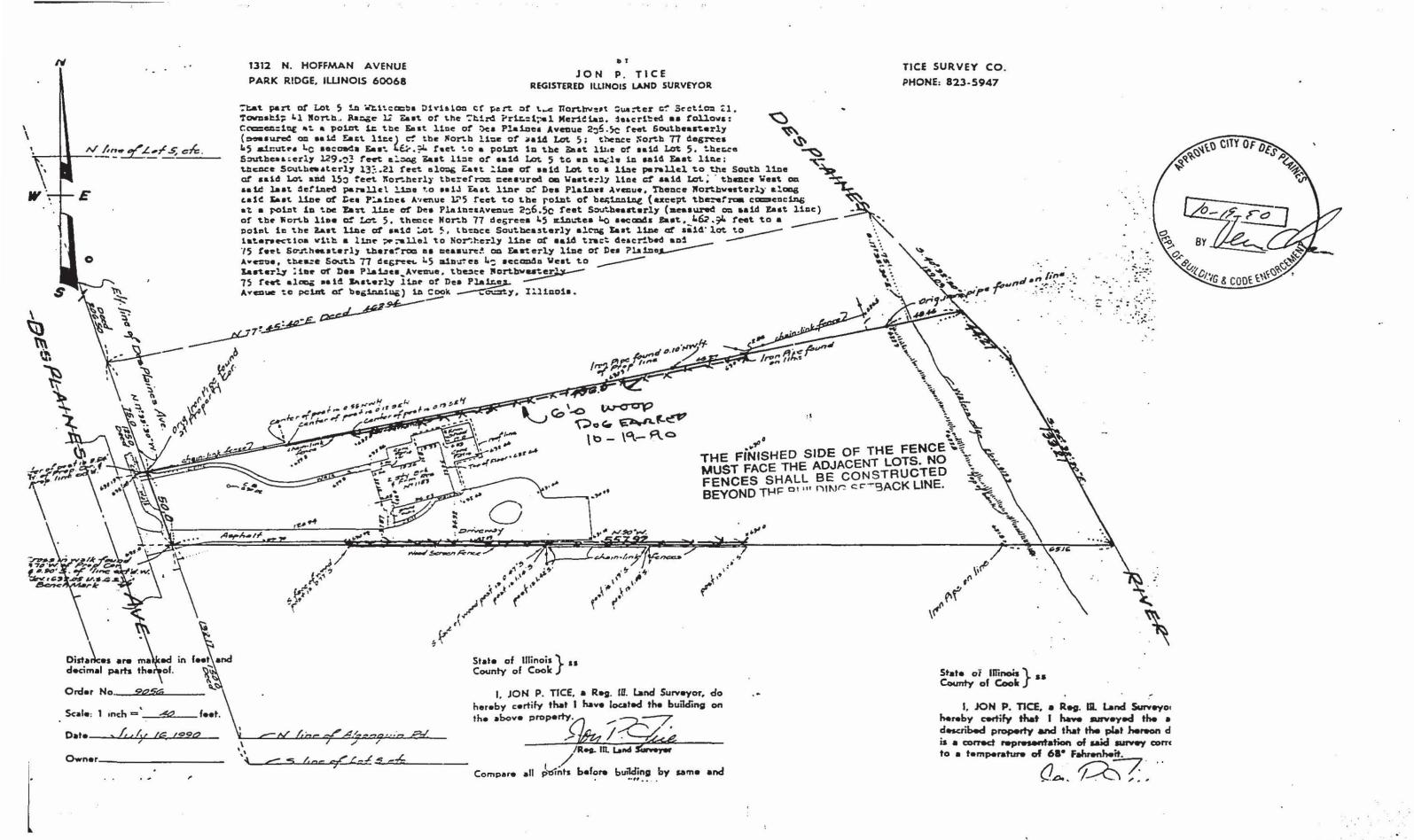
Same design as existing picture above is nomeowner's fence

Attachment 3 Page 9 of 17



Attachment 3 Page 10 of 17





I, JON P. TICE, a hereby certify that I described property and of Cook } ☐ NOT APPROVED REVISIONS REQUIRED TICE SURVEY CO. PHONE: 823-5947 **BUILDING DEPARTMENT** CITY OF DES PLAINES APPROVED AS NOTED Date 11/29/2028Y: mramirez replaced with same Per Engineering approved to be **APPROVED** like for like Compare all points before building by same and JON P. TICE JON P. TICE REGISTERED ILLINOIS LAND SURVEYOR hereby certify that the above propert I, JON P. TI nsla PARK RIDGE, ILLINOIS 60068 . Scale: 1 inch = __ 811 or 800-89 before you d Order No. Date Page 13 of 17 **Attachment 6**

Responses to Standards for Variation

11/28/2023

1. Hardship: No variation shall be granted pursuant to this subsection H unless the applicant shall establish that carrying out the strict letter of the provisions of this title would create a particular hardship or a practical difficulty.

The existing fence with the finished side was constructed at least 32 years ago. There would be a substantial cost associated with fixing the entire fence section to meet the code requirements.

2. Unique Physical Condition: The subject lot is exceptional as compared to other lots subject to the same provision by reason of a unique physical condition, including presence of an existing use, structure, or sign, whether conforming or nonconforming; irregular or substandard shape or size; exceptional topographical features; or other extraordinary physical conditions peculiar to and inherent in the subject lot that amount to more than a mere inconvenience to the owner and that relate to or arise out of the lot rather than the personal situation of the current owner of the lot.

The subject property is uniquely shaped, which is substantially different from the surrounding residential properties. The existing southern fence portion in question abuts the rear of other residential properties and cannot be seen from the street.

3. Not Self-Created: The aforesaid unique physical condition is not the result of any action or inaction of the owner or its predecessors in title and existed at the time of the enactment of the provisions from which a variance is sought or was created by natural forces or was the result of governmental action, other than the adoption of this title.

The existing fence and design were constructed prior to the property owner purchasing the property and the request is not result of any action of the current property owner.

4. Denied Substantial Rights: The carrying out of the strict letter of the provision from which a variance is sought would deprive the owner of the subject lot of substantial rights commonly enjoyed by owners of other lots subject to the same provision.

Upholding the fence design regulation would create an unnecessary burden on the property owner and prevent us from repairing and maintaining the existing fence structure.

5. Not Merely Special Privilege: The alleged hardship or difficulty is neither merely the inability of the owner or occupant to enjoy some special privilege or additional right not available to owners or occupants of other lots subject to the same provision, nor merely the inability of the owner to make more money from the use of the subject lot.

Attachment 7 Page 14 of 17

Property owners have the ability to install and maintain fences within the City of Des Plaines. Allowing the property owner to fix a portion of an existing fence to match the existing fence design would not provide a special privilege but rather address an existing code violation.

6. Title And Plan Purposes: The variation would not result in a use or development of the subject lot that would be not in harmony with the general and specific purposes for which this title and the provision from which a variation is sought were enacted or the general purpose and intent of the comprehensive plan.

The Comprehensive Plan strives to foster reinvestment in residential properties throughout Des Plaines. Allowing the property owner to repair the damaged fence section to match the existing fence section will meet this goal.

7. No Other Remedy: There is no means other than the requested variation by which the alleged hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot.

There is not a practical alternative that would be reasonable for the property owner to implement. Requiring the property owner to alter the fence to meet the fence design regulation would, in fact, create a burden on the property owner.

8. Minimum Required: The requested variation is the minimum measure of relief necessary to alleviate the alleged hardship or difficulty presented by the strict application of this title.

The approval of the requested variation is the minimum measure of relief necessary to address the code violation.

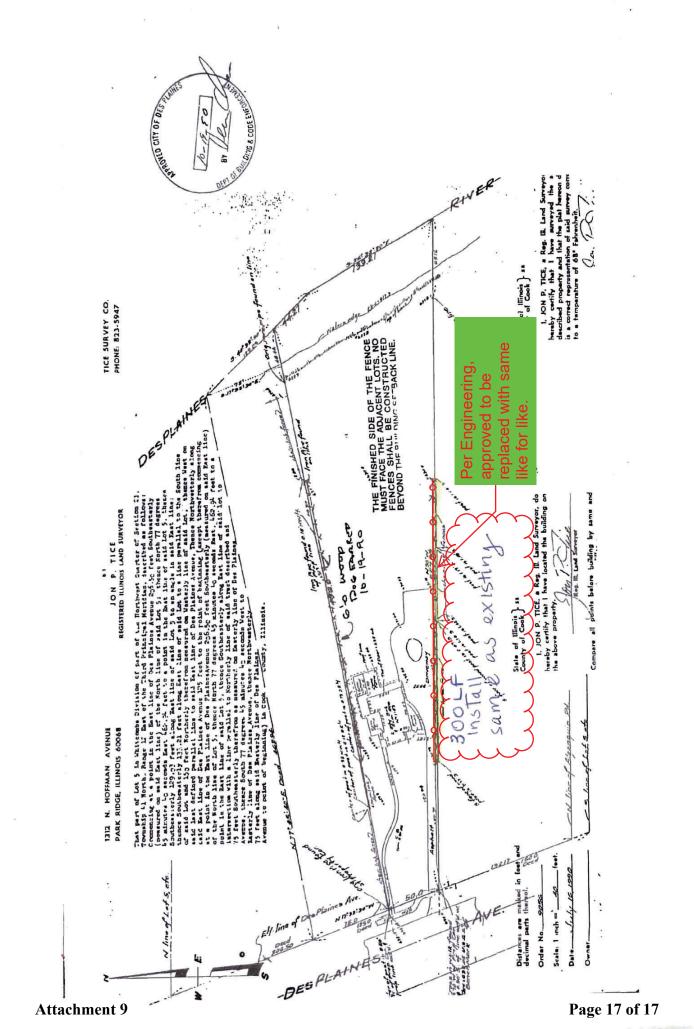
Attachment 7 Page 15 of 17

Project Narrative

11/28/2023

Tear down old portion of fence that was in disrepair. Replace with same fence as the fence still standing. Area of fence disrepair to the south of the property. The fence portion in the north is still standing. The variation request is necessary to coordinate the new fence section with the existing fence section.

Attachment 8 Page 16 of 17





COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

1420 Miner Street Des Plaines, IL 60016 P: 847.391.5380 desplaines.org

MEMORANDUM

Date: January 3, 2024

To: Planning and Zoning Board (PZB)

From: Jonathan Stytz, AICP, Senior Planner \(\sqrt{S} \)

Cc: Jeffrey Rogers, AICP, Director of Community and Economic Development

Ryan Johnson, Assistant Director of Community and Economic Development

Subject: Standard Variation for Building Setbacks in the R-1 Single Family Residential District at 542

Webford Avenue (3rd Ward)

Issue: The petitioner is requesting a standard variation from Section 12-7-2.J of the Zoning Ordinance to reduce the required front yard setback from 25 feet to nine feet to construct a full second-story addition onto the existing single-family residence at 542 Webford Avenue.

Petitioner: Cortni Jablenski, 542 Webford Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60016

Owner: Cortni Jablenski, 542 Webford Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60016

Case Number: 23-069-V

PIN: 09-17-314-017-0000

Ward: #3, Alderman Sean Oskerka

Existing Zoning: R-1, Single Family Residential District

Existing Land Use: Single Family Residence

Surrounding Zoning: North: R-1, Single Family Residential District

South: R-1, Single Family Residential District East: R-1, Single Family Residential District West: R-1, Single Family Residential District

Surrounding Land Use: North: Single Family Residences (residential)

South: Single Family Residences (residential)East: Single Family Residences (residential)West: Single Family Residences (residential)

Street Classification: Webford Avenue and Woodlawn Avenue are local streets under Des Plaines

jurisdiction.

Comprehensive Plan: Single Family Residential is the recommended use of the property.

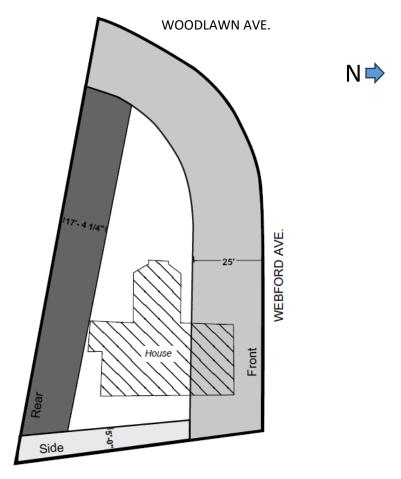
Zoning/Property History: Based on historical aerial imagery and information provided in the attached

Petitioner Responses to Standards for Variation, the subject property has contained the same single-family residence since it was constructed in 1926. When constructed, the residence was positioned a little over nine feet from the north (front) property line along Webford Avenue. Since its construction, the Zoning Ordinance has been updated to require a minimum 25-foot-setback between the residence and the front property line, making the existing residence a legal nonconforming structure. The petitioner has attested that no structural

changes have been made to the residence since it was built.

Project Description: Overview

The petitioner, Cortni Jablenski, is requesting a standard variation to reduce the required front yard setback from 25 feet to nine feet to construct a full second-story addition onto the existing single-family residence at 542 Webford Avenue. The subject property consists of a single, 9,919-square foot (0.23 acre) lot with a 1½-story brick and siding house, detached garage, concrete driveway off Webford Avenue, and residential walkways as shown in the attached Plat of Survey. The property shape is unique as it fronts both Webford Avenue and Woodlawn Avenue on a curve—which serves as the front yard for the property—and does not include a corner side yard as shown on the yard designation diagram below.



Existing Non-Conformity

The existing residence footprint is located a little over nine feet (9'-0 1/4") at its closest point from the north (front) property line abutting Webford Avenue. Since City records indicate that this residence has been in existence on site prior to the adoption of the 1998 Zoning Ordinance, it is classified as a non-conforming structure governed by Section 12-5-6 of the Zoning Ordinance. This section does allow, with some limitations, a nonconforming structure to be repaired, maintained, altered, or enlarged provided that the repair, maintenance, alteration, or enlargement does not:

"create any new nonconformity or increase the degree of the existing nonconformity of all or any part of such structure. For the purposes of this section, the <u>vertical</u> or horizontal <u>extension of a structure shall be considered to increase the degree of an existing nonconformity related to a required yard or setback." (Section 12-5-6.B)</u>

The petitioner's proposal to construct a second story addition on top of the existing building footprint increases the degree of the non-conformity requiring a variation request.

Proposed Floor Plan and Scope of Work

The new second story addition includes four separate bedrooms—including a master bedroom with its own bathroom—each with their own closets and a separate bathroom and closet area as shown on the attached Site and Architectural Plan. Also included in the proposal is the full remodel of the existing main level of the residence—including alterations to the existing front porch, family room, kitchen, office, closest, and mudroom—and excluding the dining room and bathroom areas as shown in the attached Site and Architectural Plan. Aside from the existing mudroom located at the rear of the residence, which will be repurposed for a storage area, the uses of all other existing areas of the main level will be retained. The walls of the existing screened front porch will be removed but the roof structure will remain. The last portion of the proposal includes the construction of a new wood deck with stairs proposed for the southwest corner of the residence.

Proposed Elevations and Required Building Design Standards

The proposal will increase the existing residence height to 30 feet, which is under the maximum building height of 35 feet pursuant to Section 12-7-2.J of the Zoning Ordinance for residences located in the R-1 district. The existing exterior building materials for the residence are predominately vinyl siding with some brick accent areas on the north and west elevations. The existing brick will be retained, and the existing vinyl siding will be replaced with new vinyl siding. The proposed second story addition will be constructed entirely with vinyl siding as shown in the attached Site and Architectural Plan.

Section 12-3-11 of the Zoning Ordinance requires that building design standards are met for projects when there are "appearance altering renovations to the front or corner facades of a principal structure." Since the proposal does alter the front of the residence, the regulations in this section are required to be met. For the subject property, the front façade is the north and northwest elevations facing Webford Avenue and Woodlawn Avenue. The table below provides a comparison between the required building design standards and the proposed alterations to the residence on the subject property. Refer to the attached Site and Architectural Plan for additional information.

Section 12-3-11: Building Design Standards									
	Requirement	Proposed							
Building Materials – Ground Story	Natural stone, face brick, or anchored or adhered masonry veneer	Existing face brick areas will be retained in their entirety Existing vinyl siding areas will be replaced with new vinyl siding*							
Building Materials – Upper Story	Ground story materials plus painted or stained wood, stucco, vinyl siding, and fiber cement board	New vinyl siding to be installed for entire second story addition (all elevations)**							
Blank Wall Limitations	No rectangular area greater than 30 percent of a story's facade may be windowless No part of a story's facade	Compliant, largest windowless area comprises 21 percent of the front facade Compliant, largest windowless							
	may be windowless for a horizontal distance greater than 15 feet	area comprises six linear feet							

^{*} Existing legal non-conformity governed under Section 12-5-6 since the residence was constructed prior to the adoption of the building design standards.

Off-Street Parking

The attached Site and Architectural Plan indicates that there are no proposed changes to the current number of off-street parking spaces and that the existing driveway and detached garage footprint will remain the same. Single family residences are required to provide two off-street parking spaces pursuant to Section 12-9-7 of the Zoning Ordinance. As shown on the attached Plat of Survey, there is ample space for one off-street parking space in the detached garage and multiple off-street parking spaces on the concrete driveway.

<u>Variation Findings:</u> Variation requests are subject to the standards set forth in Section 12-3-6.H. of the Zoning Ordinance. Rationale for how well the proposal addresses the standards is provided below and in the attached petitioner responses to standards. The Board may use the provided responses as written as its rationale, modify, or adopt its own.

1. Hardship: No variation shall be granted pursuant to this subsection H unless the applicant shall establish that carrying out the strict letter of the provisions of this title would create a particular hardship or a practical difficulty.

<u>Comment:</u> The existing residence was constructed prior to current regulations requiring the 25-foot-front-yard-setback and is positioned nine feet from the front property line. Requiring the addition to comply with the required front yard setback would substantially restrict the property owner from making improvements to the existing structure.

^{**} All new vinyl siding must be installed above the first-floor ceiling to be compliant with Section 12-3-11. Adjustments may be necessary so as not to increase the degree of an existing non-conformity.

	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
2.	Unique Physical Condition: The subject lot is exceptional as compared to other lots subject to the same provision by reason of a unique physical condition, including presence of an existing use, structure, or sign, whether conforming or nonconforming; irregular or substandard shap or size; exceptional topographical features; or other extraordinary physical conditions peculia to and inherent in the subject lot that amount to more than a mere inconvenience to the owner and that relate to or arise out of the lot rather than the personal situation of the current owner of the lot.
	<u>Comment:</u> The subject property is located on a curve where Webford Avenue intersects with Woodlawn Avenue creating a uniquely shaped corner lot with three sides and no corner-side yard. The front yard extends along the curve of both Webford Avenue and Woodlawn Avenue reducing the available space on the property for an addition.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
3.	Not Self-Created: The aforesaid unique physical condition is not the result of any action of inaction of the owner or its predecessors in title and existed at the time of the enactment of the provisions from which a variance is sought or was created by natural forces or was the result of governmental action, other than the adoption of this title.
	<u>Comment:</u> The unique physical conditions of the subject property are not the result of the current property owner or their predecessor. In addition, the subject property is land-locked preventing the property owner from addressing the physical conditions on the subject property.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
4.	Denied Substantial Rights: The carrying out of the strict letter of the provision from which a variance is sought would deprive the owner of the subject lot of substantial rights commonly enjoyed by owners of other lots subject to the same provision.
	<u>Comment:</u> Given the unique physical conditions of the subject property, it can be argued that carrying out the strict letter of this code for the front yard setback could deprive the property owner of the ability to make improvements to the subject property that are commonly enjoyed by other owners of single-family residential lots. The petitioner intends to add the second story addition in lieu of expanding the existing main level in order to preserve the character of the existing residence.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):

5.	Not Merely Special Privilege: The alleged hardship or difficulty is neither merely the inability of the owner or occupant to enjoy some special privilege or additional right not available to owners or occupants of other lots subject to the same provision, nor merely the inability of the owner to make more money from the use of the subject lot.
	<u>Comment:</u> Granting this variation would not provide a special privilege for the property owner not available to other single-family residential properties. Instead, it allows the property owner the ability to make improvements to the subject property as other property owners along Webford Avenue who reside in homes with similar reduced setback distances as the subject property. The petitioner has noted that there are several homes in the surrounding area that have similar reduced setbacks from the front property line—a characteristic that is prevalent in the neighborhood—and they have made improvements to their residents in a similar fashion. In addition, the granting of this variation does not inherently allow the property owner to make additional money off the subject property and its development.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
6.	Title And Plan Purposes: The variation would not result in a use or development of the subject lot that would be not in harmony with the general and specific purposes for which this title and the provision from which a variation is sought were enacted or the general purpose and intent of the comprehensive plan.
	<u>Comment:</u> The project would allow re-investment into a single-family home, which the Zoning Ordinance and Comprehensive Plan encourage. While one could argue that the proposed second story addition in the location and design identified on the attached Site and Architectural Plan is largely for the benefit of the property owner, a study of the area indicates that many of the neighboring properties are developed in a similar fashion. It can be concluded that the proposed second story addition as proposed will be in harmony with existing development and potentially provide more benefit for the neighborhood as a whole—in relation to property values—than just for the petitioner.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):
7.	No Other Remedy: There is no means other than the requested variation by which the alleged hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot.
	<u>Comment:</u> There are alternatives to the proposed setback variation being requested including a one-story addition on the west side of the existing residence or reduced second-story addition. However, after consideration of these alternatives, it can be argued that either alternative could negatively impact the existing character of the residence making it less harmonious with neighboring properties. Also, the alternative of adding a one-story addition would inherently increase the building coverage of the subject property, which is not necessarily promoted by the Comprehensive Plan for lower-density

residential developments. The PZB may wish to ask why certain alternative designs are not feasible.

8.	Minimum Required: The requested variation is the minimum measure of relief necessary to alleviate the alleged hardship or difficulty presented by the strict application of this title.
	<u>Comment:</u> The approval of the setback reduction would be the minimum relief for the petitioner given their current proposal.
	PZB Additions or Modifications (if necessary):

PZB Procedure and Recommended Conditions: Under Section 12-3-6.F (Procedure for Review and Decision for Standard Variations) of the Zoning Ordinance, the PZB has the *final* authority to approve, approve subject to conditions, or deny the above-mentioned standard variation request for the building setback at 542 Webford Avenue.

Consideration of the request should be based on a review of the information presented by the applicant and the findings made above, as specified in Section 12-3-6.H (Findings of Fact for Variations) of the Zoning Ordinance. If the PZB approves the request, staff recommends the following condition.

Condition of Approval:

1. Architectural plans included with this variation may be revised during final building permit review process without requiring an amendment to this variation ordinance, provided there is no increase in front yard encroachment or building height and the approved plans conform with Building Design Standards in Section 12-3-11.

Attachments:

Attachment 1: Location Map

Attachment 2: Site and Context Photos

Attachment 3: Photos of Existing Conditions

Attachment 4: Plat of Survey

Attachment 5: Petitioner Reponses to Standards for Variations

PZR Additions or Modifications (if necessary).

Attachment 6: Site and Architectural Plan

GISConsortium

542 Webford Avenue



information is believed to be generally accurate, errors may exist and the user should independently confirm for accuracy. The map does not constitute a regulatory determination and is not a base for engineering design. A Registered Land Surveyor should be consulted to determine precise location boundaries on the ground.

Disclaimer: The GIS Consortium and MGP Inc. are not liable for any use, misuse, modification or disclosure of any map provided under applicable law. This map is for general information purposes only. Although the





542 Webford Ave - Looking South at Front of Property





Page 9 of 24

Attachment 2 Page 9 of 2









LAND SURVEYOR

WEBA ORO ARLINGTON

Page 14 of 24

Attachment 4

1. Hardship: No variation shall be granted pursuant to this subsection H unless the applicant shall establish that carrying out the strict letter of the provisions of this title would create a particular hardship or a practical difficulty.

Due to the home being built before there was a 25' setback rule, by enforcing the front yard setback would prevent us from being able to build up on the existing 2nd story.

2. Unique Physical Condition: The subject lot is exceptional as compared to other lots subject to the same provision by reason of a unique physical condition, including presence of an existing use, structure, or sign, whether conforming or nonconforming; irregular or substandard shape or size; exceptional topographical features; or other extraordinary physical conditions peculiar to and inherent in the subject lot that amount to more than a mere inconvenience to the owner and that relate to or arise out of the lot rather than the personal situation of the current owner of the lot.

The property lot is a unique shape in that it is not a traditional rectangular lot. With it being a corner lot, the majority of our property is considered our front yard. However, the portion of the home that would traditionally be considered the front of our property (front porch) facing the street was not built 25' from the street. We are seeking to build on top of the current structure of the home just building up to maximize the space of the current 2nd floor.

3. Not Self-Created: The aforesaid unique physical condition is not the result of any action or inaction of the owner or its predecessors in title and existed at the time of the enactment of the provisions from which a variance is sought or was created by natural forces or was the result of governmental action, other than the adoption of this title.

The property was built in 1926. At this time, the home was not built with a 25'-0" setback required along full line. No structural changes have been made to the home by myself or the previous owners.

Attachment 5 Page 15 of 24

4. Denied Substantial Rights: The carrying out of the strict letter of the provision from which a variance is sought would deprive the owner of the subject lot of substantial rights commonly enjoyed by owners of other lots subject to the same provision.

The proposed second story is an expansion of the existing half- story, which is constructed over the main portion of the existing first floor structure. We didn't want to expand further over the dining room wing (which would have been permitted) because it would have diminished the only masonry finished part of the residence and would make the residence far more bulky in appearance. The design we chose better matches the character and scale of the other homes in the neighborhood. Our design is the most compact solution we could pick, which has benefits as far as energy conservation, storm water absorption, and limiting the impact on neighboring properties regarding blocking sunlight (casting shadows) and fresh air, and also preserving the open space and sight lines around that tight bend in the road.

5. Not Merely Special Privilege: The alleged hardship or difficulty is neither merely the inability of the owner or occupant to enjoy some special privilege or additional right not available to owners or occupants of other lots subject to the same provision, nor merely the inability of the owner to make more money from the use of the subject lot.

There are many homes in the neighborhood currently making/have made second story front yard additions that come close to and/or meet the 25 ft front yard setback to their homes that have been provided the opportunity to add value to their home and the neighborhood including but not limited to:

516 Arlington Ave, Des Plaines 551 Arlington Ave, Des Plaines 708 Arlington Ave, Des Plaines 776 Arlington Ave, Des Plaines 877 Hollywood Ave, Des Plaines 991 Hollywood Ave, Des Plaines 977 North Ave, Des Plaines 1086 Walter Ave, Des Plaines 1315 Wayne Dr, Des Plaines 548 Webford Ave, Des Plaines 593 Webford Ave, Des Plaines

Attachment 5 Page 16 of 24

6. Title And Plan Purposes: The variation would not result in a use or development of the subject lot that would be not in harmony with the general and specific purposes for which this title and the provision from which a variation is sought were enacted or the general purpose and intent of the comprehensive plan.

This proposal aligns with the title and plan purposes of the Comprehensive Plan. Specifically, it aligns with the city's strategic plan, in particular the goal of furthering "Community Character". In our current historic neighborhood, there are many homes that have or currently are updating and/or adding additions to their homes which has added value to the historic neighborhood. Our current second story addition aligns with the city's goal of adding Community Character by allowing us to invest in our property, ultimately adding value and equity into the home along with the neighborhood.

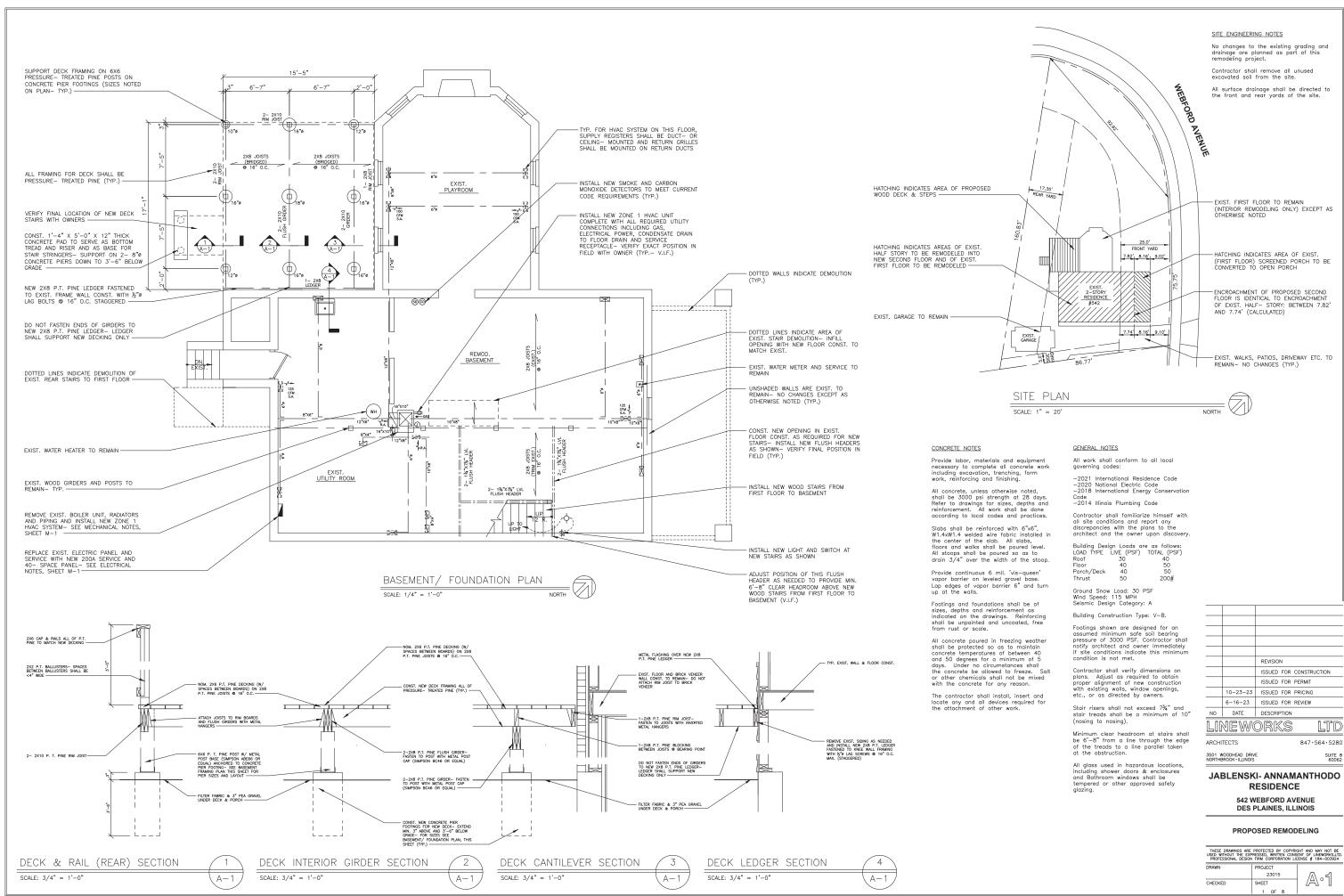
7. No Other Remedy: There is no means other than the requested variation by which the alleged hardship or difficulty can be avoided or remedied to a degree sufficient to permit a reasonable use of the subject lot.

The proposed second story is an expansion of the existing half- story, which is constructed over the main portion of the existing first floor structure. We didn't want to expand further over the dining room wing (which would have been permitted) because it would have diminished the only masonry finished part of the residence and would make the residence far more bulky in appearance. By choosing vinyl siding for the secondary addition, we are aligning this design with many of the homes in the neighborhood along with the above mentioned homes that have been allowed to build a second story front yard addition. In addition, the design we chose better matches the character and scale of the other homes in the neighborhood. Our design is the most compact solution we could pick, which has benefits as far as energy conservation, storm water absorption, and limiting the impact on neighboring properties regarding blocking sunlight (casting shadows) and fresh air, and also preserving the open space and sight lines around that tight bend in the road.

8. Minimum Required: The requested variation is the minimum measure of relief necessary to alleviate the alleged hardship or difficulty presented by the strict application of this Title.

The request is to reduce the required 25'-0" front yard setback to 9'-0". This approval will alleviate the issues identified in hardship and uniqueness and will provide enough relief.

Attachment 5 Page 17 of 24

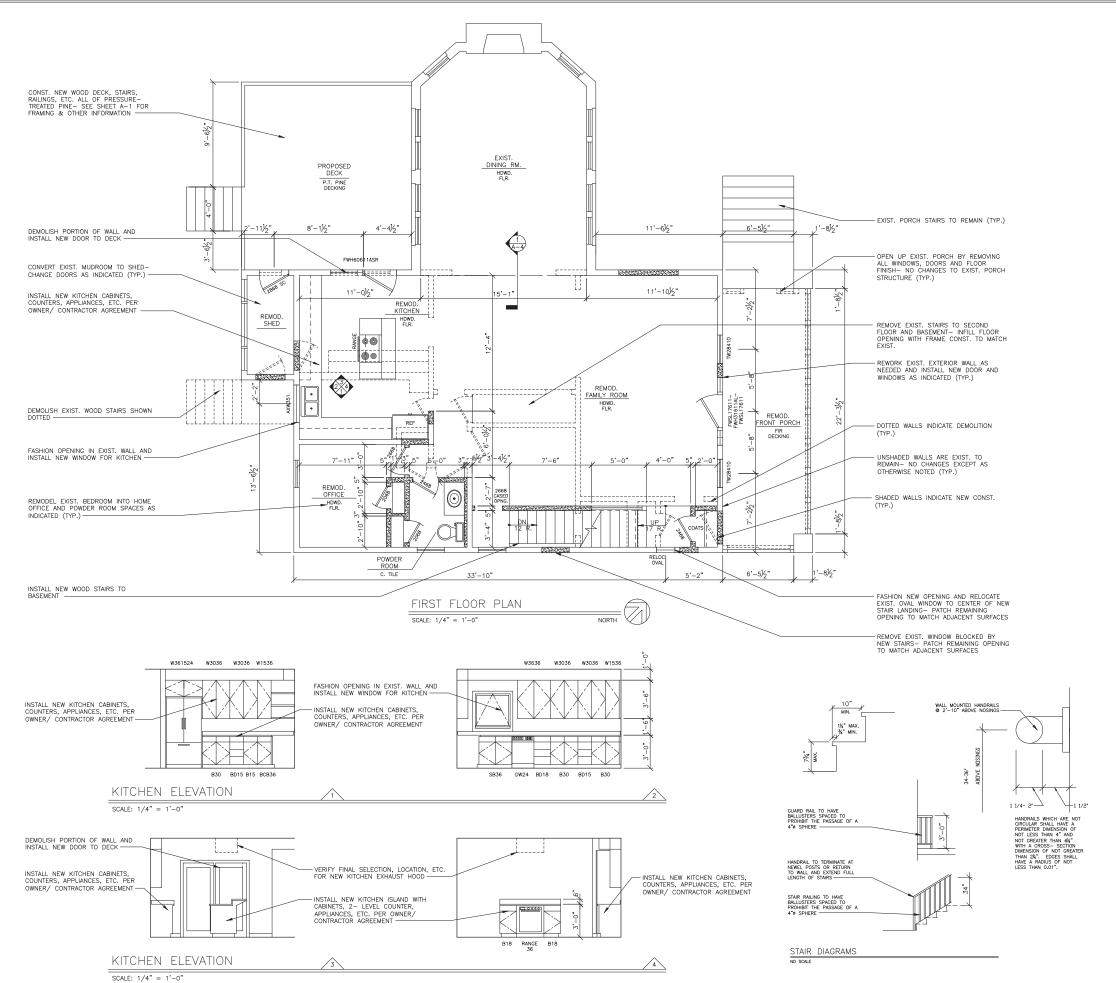


ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION ISSUED FOR PERMIT

847 • 564 • 5280

SUITE 8 60062

ISSUED FOR REVIEW



CARPENTRY NOTES

Floor Joists, Headers and Similar Members

Shall be #2 or better (fb=1200 psi)
Douglas Fir, Western SPF, Hem/Fir or
Southern Pine. Material shall have a
moisture content of less than 19% at
time of surfacing and shall be grade
marked 'dry'. Double joists under all
partitions. Headers at all windows and
doors shall conform to the following
maximum spans:

SIZE OF	ROOF ONLY	ROOF 8
HEADER		FLOOR
2-2X6	5'	4'
2-2X8	6'	5'
2-2X10	7.25	6'
2-2X12	8.5	7'

Manufactured Members

Any prefabricated joists, laminated—veneer lumber headers, or other manufactured wooden framing shall be as manufactured by Trus—Joist Corp., in sizes and quantities shown on the plans.

Studs and Miscellaneous Members

Shall be S4S Douglas Fir, Southern Pine, Hem/Fir or approved equal, of nominal sizes shown; maximum moisture content 19% at time of grading.

Roof Sheathin

Shall be 5/8" CDX plywood and shall be installed over the roof rafters following the recommendations of the American Plywood Association.

Subflooring

Shall be 3/4" CDX Tongue and groove subflooring panel 48/24 glued and nailed to the floor joist system. Follow the application recommendations of the American Plywood Association.

Fire-blocking

Shall be provided in wood— frame construction in the following locations:

— In concealed spaces of stud walls and partitions, including furred spaces and parallel rows of studs or staggered studs, vertically at the ceiling and floor levels. Horizontally at intervals not exceeding 10.

— At interconnections between concealed

vertical and horizontal spaces such as occur at soffits, drop ceilings and cove ceilings.

— In concealed spaces between stair stringers at the top and bottom of the

run.

At opening of vents, pipes, ducts, cables, and wires at ceiling and floor level, with an approved material to resist the free passage of flame and products of combustion.

Notching and Drilling

Notching and drilling of solid lumber joists, beams and rafters shall be in accordance with the following:

Notching— Shall nor exceed ½th of the depth of the member, shall not be longer than ½rd of the depth of the member and shall not be located in the middle ½rd of the span. Notches at the ends of the member shall not exceed ½th the depth of the member. The tension side of members 4" or greater in nominal thickness shall not be anotched except at the ends of the

Drilling – The diameter of holes bored or cut into members shall not exceed %rd the depth of the member. Holes shall not be closer than 2" to the top or bottom of the member, or any other hole located in the member. Where the member is also notched, the hole shall not be closer than 2" to the

Notching and drilling of studs shall be in accordance with the following:

Notching— Any stud in an exterior wall or bearing partition may be cut or notched to a depth not exceeding 25% of its width. Studs in nonbearing partitions may be notched to a depth not exceeding 40% of a single stud width.

Drilling— Any stud may be bored or drilled, provided that the diameter of the resulting hole is no more than 60% of the stud width, the edge of the hole is not less than %" to the edge of the stud, and the hole is not located in the same section as a cut or notch. Studs located in exterior walls or bearing partitions drilled over 40% and up to 60% shall also be doubled with no more than two successive doubled studs bored.

FINISH NOTES

New and existing exterior walls shall be finished with new siding and stucco per contractor—owner agreement over infiltration barrier, and new & existing sheathing & 2x4 or 2x5 studs ® 16°o.c. with new minimum R-20 spray foam insulation (or fiberglass batt insulation flilling existing stud spaces with kraft paper face to the interior).

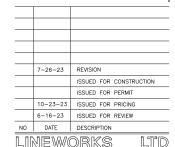
All new and refinished interior walls and ceilings shall receive 5%" gypsum board applied with glue and screws.

Window & exterior door designations (unless otherwise noted) indicate Andersen units for reference only. Refer to plan for units replacing existing in existing one existing one existing "Low— E" double glazing, and openings at all operable sashes shall have insect screens.

All doors, hardware, trim, interior finishes, etc. shall be as specified in the contractor— owner agreement.

Wood rakes, trim boards, fascias and screened, vented soffits (all clad in aluminum) shall be as specified in the contractor— owner agreement and as shown on the plans.

Gutters and downspouts shall be aluminum and as specified in the contractor— owner agreement.



JABLENSKI- ANNAMANTHODO RESIDENCE

847 • 564 • 5280

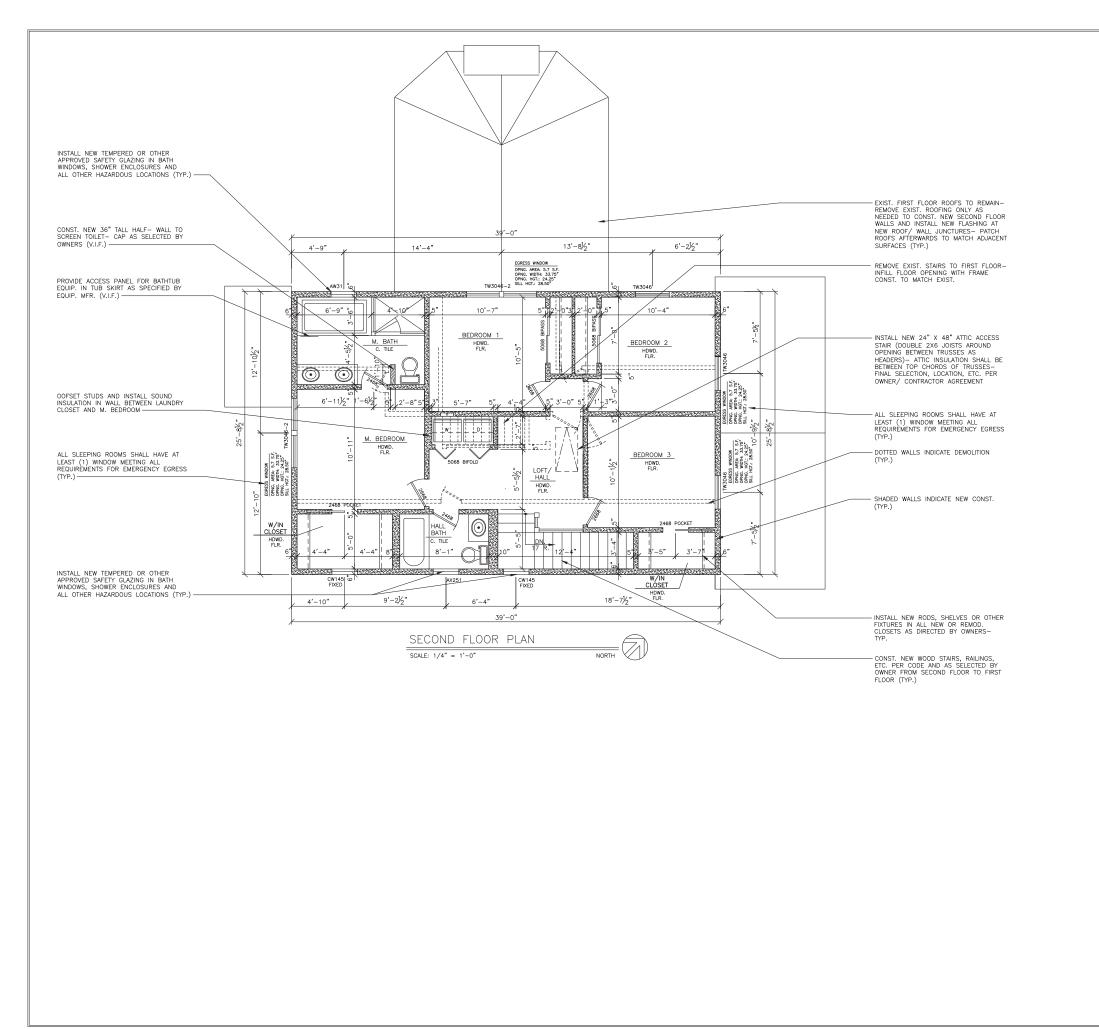
SUITE 8 60062

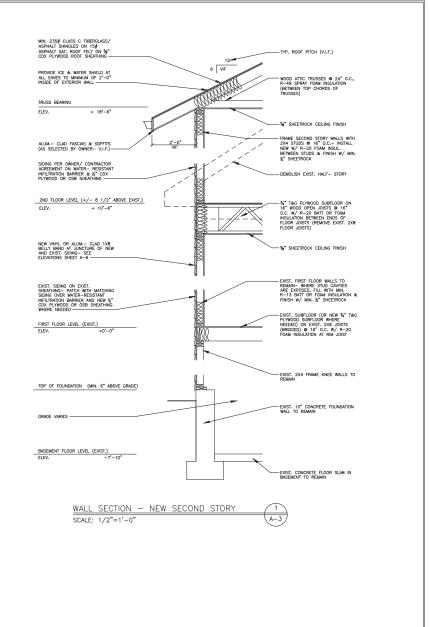
ARCHITECTS

542 WEBFORD AVENUE DES PLAINES. ILLINOIS

PROPOSED REMODELING

USED WITHOUT THE	ARE PROTECTED BY COPYL EXPRESSED, WRITTEN CON SIGN FIRM CORPORATION I	ISENT OF LINEWORKS, L
DRAWN	PROJECT 23015	
CHECKED	SHEET 2 OF 8	





	9-21-23	REVISION- PER OWNER
		REVISION
		ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION
		ISSUED FOR PERMIT
-	10-23-23	ISSUED FOR PRICING
	6-16-23	ISSUED FOR REVIEW
NO	DATE	DESCRIPTION
LII	NEW	orks Ltd

<u>LINE</u>WORKS

ARCHITECTS

847 • 564 • 5280

SUITE 8 60062

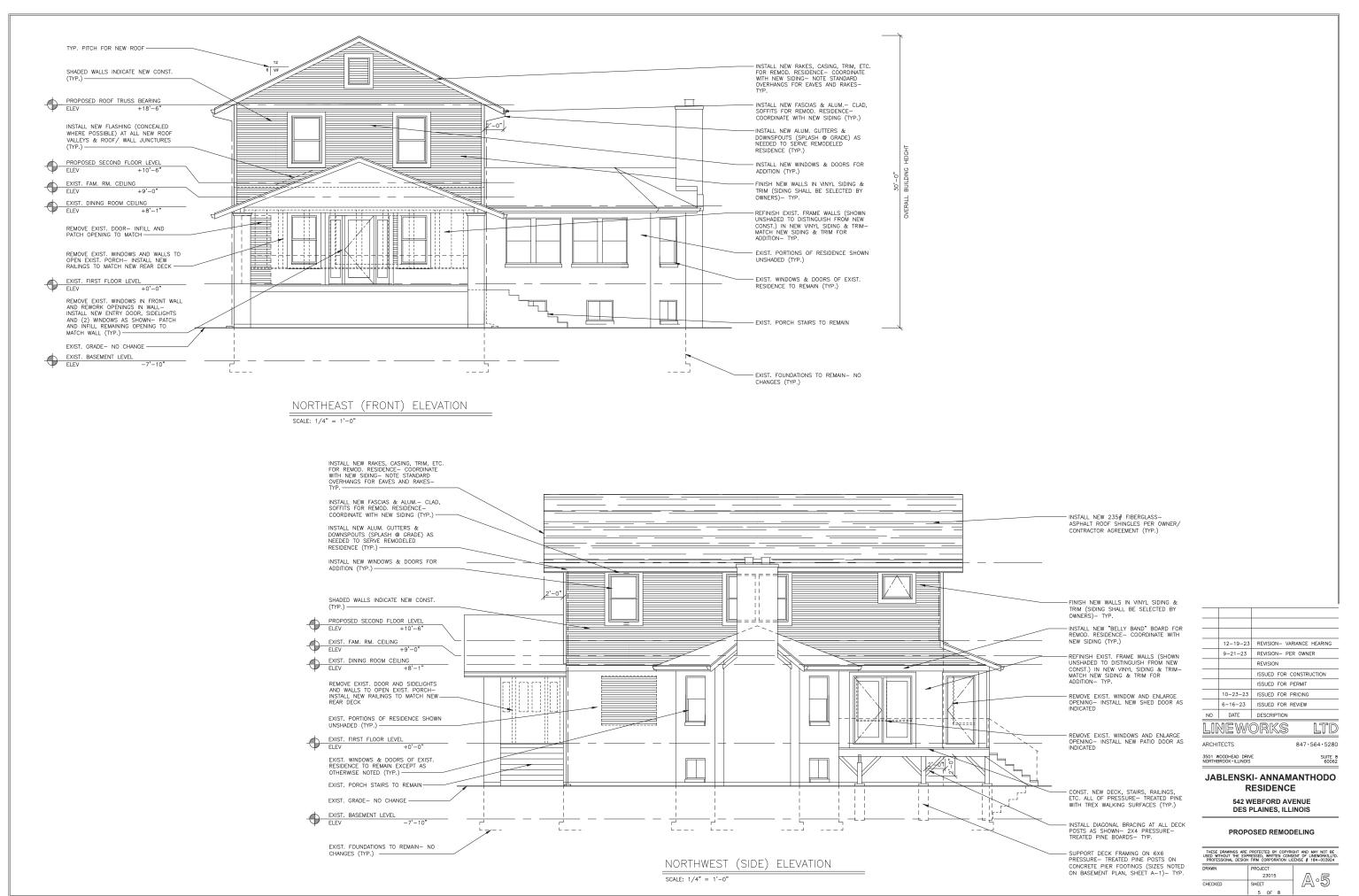
JABLENSKI- ANNAMANTHODO RESIDENCE

> 542 WEBFORD AVENUE DES PLAINES, ILLINOIS

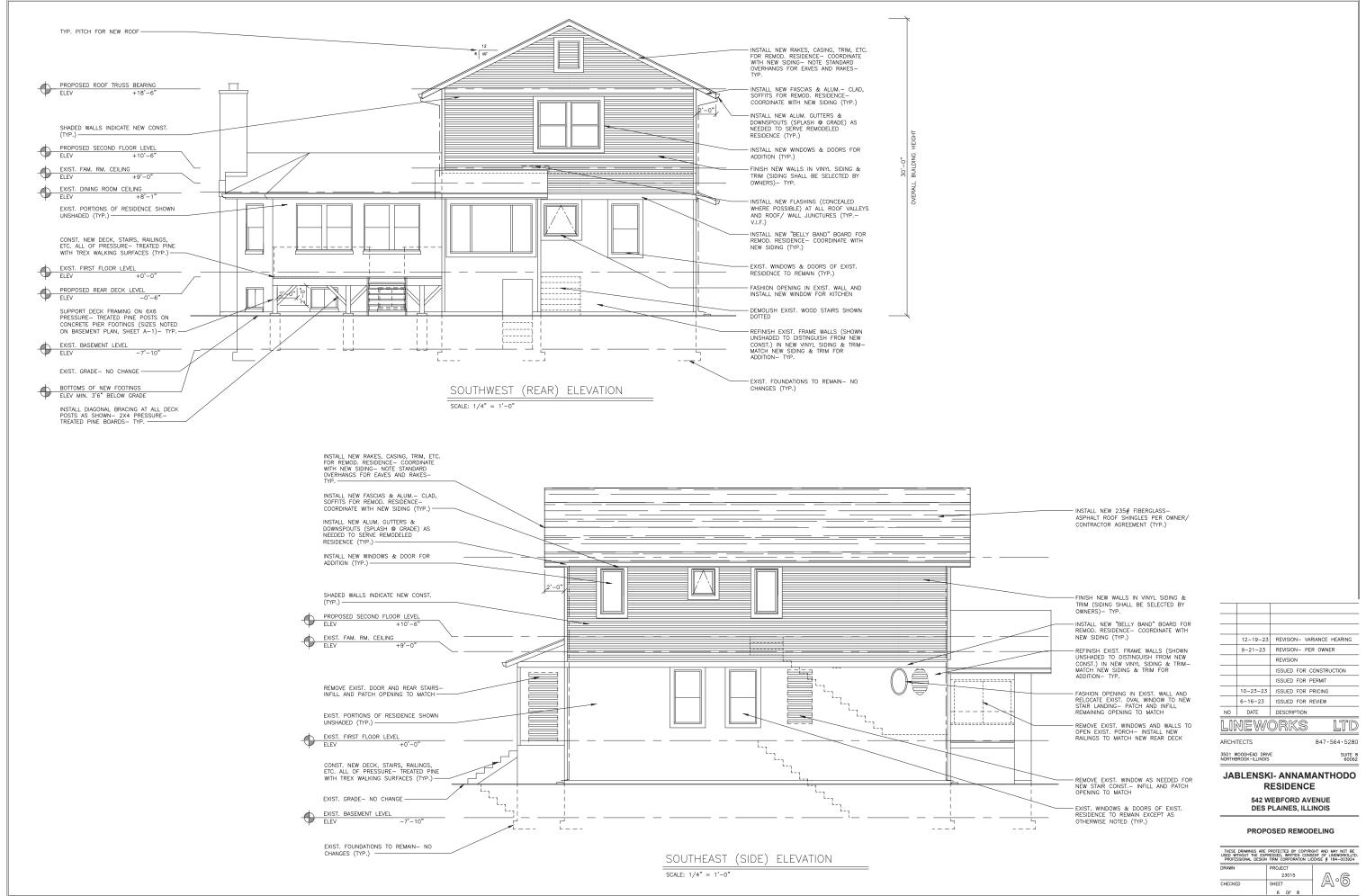
PROPOSED REMODELING

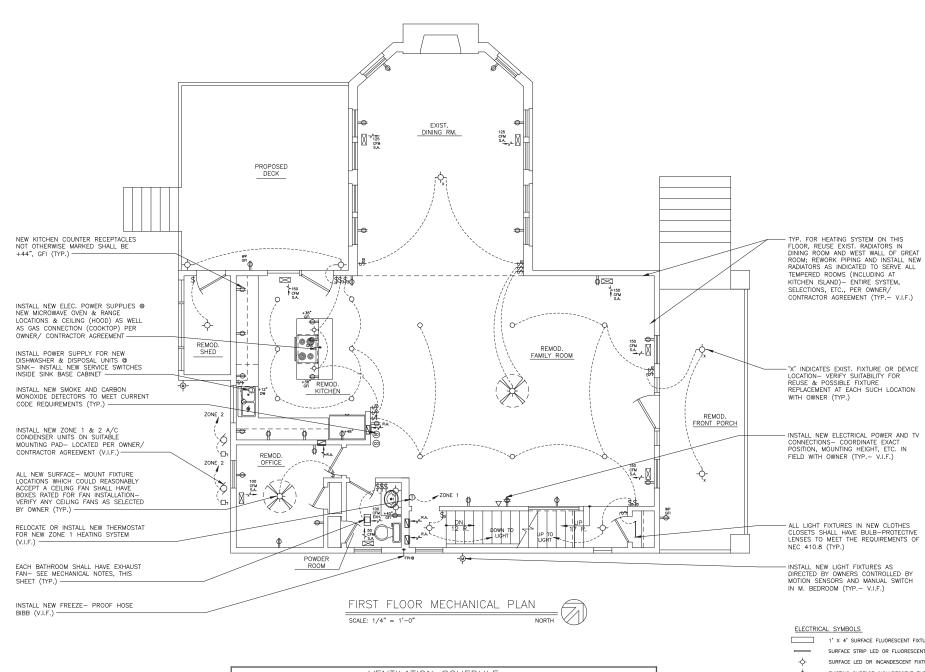
THESE DRAWINGS ARE PROTECTED BY COPYRIGHT AND MAY NOT BE USED WITHOUT THE EXPRESSED, WRITEN CONSENT OF LINEWORKS,LTD. PROFESSIONAL, DESIGN FIRM CORPORATION LICENSE # 184-003924

Page 20 of 24 **Attachment 6**



Attachment 6 Page 21 of 24





						ION	SCH					
ZONE	ROOM	AREA		ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS PLAN REQUIREMENTS				REMARKS				
	NAME	(S.F.)	LIGHT	& VENT.		VENT.		k VENT.		H. VENT.		TEMPINO .
			S.F. GLASS		CFM SUPPLY	CFM EXHAUST		S.F. VENT.	CFM SUPPLY	CFM EXHAUST	CFM RETURN	
1	BASEMENT	1193	NR	NR			EXIST.	EXIST.	450		400	
	DINING ROOM	296	23.7	11.8			83.0	47.0	250			
	KITCHEN	175	14.0	7.0			30.8	18.3	150			
	FAMILY ROOM	539	43.2	21.6			37.9	30.2	450		450	ADDL. NL BORROWED FROM DIN. RM.
	OFFICE	86	6.8	3.4			9.7	5.4	100		150	
	POWDER RM.	34	NR	MECH.		50	9.7	5.4	50	100		
		-										
2	M. BATH	92	NR	MECH.		50	5.2	1.4	100	100		
	M. BEDROOM	127	10.2	5.1			20.6	11.4	150		150	
	M. W/IN CLOSET	43	NR	NR			8.0		50			
	BEDROOM 1	110	8.8	4.4			20.6	11.4	150		150	
	LOFT/ HALL	142	NR	NR			8.0		150		150	
	HALL BATH	40	NR	месн.		50	4.4	1.1	50	100		
	BEDROOM 2	111	9.0	4.5			20.6	11.4	150		150	
	BEDROOM 3	117	9.4	4.7			12.4	11.4	150		150	
	W/IN CLOSET	23	NR	NR					50			

Replace existing electric service, meter, etc. with new 200A electric service entrance, meter, 40-circuit main panel board (remove existing panel board as part of demolition of this project).

ELECTRICAL NOTES

Rework/ replace existing circuits and add new circuits as required for

Provide GFI (Ground Fault) protection

All receptacles and switches shall be of style, finish, etc. as selected by owner. Match mounting heights of switches, devices, etc. with those existing unless noted otherwise. Refer to contractor—owner agreement.

Clothes closets with lights shall be provided with bulb protective fixtures complying w/ NEC 410.8.

For any alterations, repairs or additions requiring a permit, smoke detectors and carbon monoxide detectors shall meet the location, interconnection, primary power from building wiring and battery backup standards required of a new house

All new receptacles shall be tamper-resistant type.

All 125v through 250v receptacles supplied by single— phase branch circuits rated 150v or less to ground installed in bathrooms, basements, installed in batrooms, basements, kitchens and sinks (where receptacles are installed within 6' from the top edge of the bowl of the sink) shall be ground— fault interrupter (GFCI) protected.

All outlets serving dishwashers in a dwelling unit shall be ground— fault interrupter (GFCI) protected. The ground— fault interrupter (GFCI) shall be readily accessible, listed and located either within the branch circuit overcurrent device or a device/ outlet within the supply circuit.

Dedicated branch circuits are required:

Dedicated branch circuits are required:
— Two or more branch circuits shall be
provided for small appliance outlets for
kitchen.
— Minimum one dedicated 20— ampere
branch circuit shall be provided for
laundry receptacle outlets. This circuit
shall have no other outlets.
— One or more dedicated 120v, 20—
ampere branch circuit shall be provided
for bathroom receptacle outlets and any
countertop and similar work surface
receptacle outlets. Such circuits shall
have no other outlets.

All 120v single— phase, 15— and 20— ampere branch circuits supplying outlets or devices installed in dwelling unit kitchens, family rooms, living rooms, dining rooms, libraries, dens, bedrooms, recreation rooms, closets, hallways, laundry areas or similar rooms or areas shall be arc—fault circuit interrupter (AFT)) protected (AFCI) protected.

All permanently connected appliances shall be provided with a disconnecting

ENERGY CONSERVATION NOTES

New and remodeled spaces shall be insulated to meet the prescriptive component requirements set forth in Table 402.1.1 of the 2018 IEEC for Climate Zone 5: Fenestration .30, Ceilings R-49, Floors R-30 & Walls R-20.

Permitted exceptions to above: Ceilings without attic spaces, R-30. Existing ceiling, floor or wall cavities exposed during construction, fill with insulation.

Supply ductwork shall be insulated (minimum R-8).

The insulation installer shall sign, date and post the certification in a conspicuous location on the job site.

An approved party, independent from the installer of the insulation shall inspect the air barrier and insulation. Refer to IECC Section 402.4.2.1.

An approved party, independent from the installer of the insulation shall tested and verified that the dwelling unit shall have an air leakage rate not exceeding 5 air changes per hour (ACH), and shall provide a written report of the test to local code official

The dwelling unit shall be provided with a whole—house mechanical ventilating system. System shall operate intermittently (25% of each 4-hour segment) and supply 240 CFM of outdoor air (60 CFM X factor of 4 per Tables R403.6.6 (1) & (2).

A permanent certificate shall be posted A permanent certificate shall be posted on or in the electric distribution panel. The certificate shall list the predominant R-values of insulation installed (ceilings, walls floors and ducts in non-conditioned spaces), and types and efficiencies of heating, cooling and water-heating equipment.

Recessed luminaires installed in the building thermal envelope shall be IC rated and sealed with a gasket or caulked to limit air leakage between conditioned and unconditioned spaces.

Supply and return ducts in attics shall be insulated to a minimum of R-8. All other ducts not located completely within the thermal envelope shall be insulated to a minimum of R-6.

Mechanical system piping capable of carrying fluids above 105°F and below 55°F shall be insulated to a minimum of $R\!-\!3$.

Hot water piping listed below shall be insulated to a minimum of R-3:

— Piping ¾" and larger in nominal diameter.

diameter.

— Piping located outside of conditioned

- Fighing located duside of conditioned space.
- Piping from the water heater to a distribution manifold.
- Piping located under a floor slab.
- Buried piping.
- Supply and return piping in recirculation systems other than demand recirculation systems.

A minimum of 90% of permanently installed lighting fixtures shall contain only high— efficacy lamps.

MECHANICAL NOTES

Exhaust-

New exhaust units for all bathrooms and powder room shall be Panasonic units (or equal; minimum 100 CFM exhaust). Provide separate fan & light switches, duct to exterior roof jack, backdraft damper and birdscreen for

Verify the capacity of the new kitchen exhaust fan/ hood. If the unit exhausts more than 400 CFM, it shall be mechanically or naturally provided with make—up air at a rate approximately equal to the exhaust air rate. Such make—up air system shall be equipped with not less than one

Heating and Cooling

Zone 1- Basement & First Floor

Demolish the existing hot water heating system and boiler in basement and on first floor. Replace with new HVAC equipment (American Standard AUH1C100A9481A or equal, 97 MBH input, 92.1 MBH output) in basement, along with new coil and condenser for 4 tons of A/C.

Zone 2- Second Floor

Demolish the existing hot water heating system, and replace with new HVAC equipment (American Standard ADHB065A9421A or equal, 60 MBH input, 57 MBH output) in attic, along with new coil and condenser for 3 1/2

Install new ductwork, registers and grilles as required for new room layout and as indicated on plan.

All ductwork shall be sheet metal, with flexvent ends if permitted by code. Size and locate ductwork to provide air quantities indicated. Insulate all ductwork in untempered spaces. Follow register and grille locations indicated on

Install new equipment with all controls, wiring, mounts, utility connections, etc. for a complete working installation.

		REVISION					
		ISSUED FOR	CONSTRUCTION				
		ISSUED FOR	PERMIT				
	10-23-23	ISSUED FOR	PRICING				
	6-16-23	ISSUED FOR	REVIEW				
NO	DATE	DESCRIPTION					

LINEWORKS LTD ARCHITECTS 847 • 564 • 5280

SUITE 8 60062

JABLENSKI- ANNAMANTHODO RESIDENCE

542 WEBFORD AVENUE DES PLAINES. ILLINOIS

PROPOSED REMODELING

USED WITHOUT TH	S ARE PROTECTED BY COPYR HE EXPRESSED, WRITTEN CON DESIGN FIRM CORPORATION L	ISENT OF LINEWORKS,LTD
DRAWN	PROJECT	
	23015	J M/J ~41
CHECKED	SHEET	
	7 05 9	

1' X 4' SURFACE FLUORESCENT FIXTURE SURFACE STRIP LED OR FLUORESCENT FIXTURE SURFACE LED OR INCANDESCENT FIXTURE EXISTING SURFACE INCANDESCENT FIXTURE RECESSED LED OR INCANDESCENT FIXTURE RECESSED INCANDESCENT WALL WASHER

€

FLOODLIGH

CEILING FAN W/ LIGHT

EXHAUST FAN/ LIGHT COMBINATION @,,ov CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR-110 VOLT W/ BATTERY BACKUP 3 WAY SWITCH

4 WAY SWITCH SWITCH W/ PILOT LIGHT TELEPHONE JACK THERMOSTAT DISCONNECT SWITCH PUSH BUTTON (LOW VOLTAGE) DOOR BELL/ CHIME MOTOR OR FAN JUNCTION BOX DUPLEX RECEPTACLE QUADRUPLEX RECEPTACLE 240 VOLT RECEPTACLE SPLIT WIRED DUPLEX RECEPTACLE SPEAKER COAXIAL OR DATA (D) SMOKE DETECTOR CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR MOTION DETECTOR

